

United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE) Transport Division

Sustainable Urban Transport for Greener and more Sustainable Cities

Sustainable Transport in Eastern Europe, Central Asia and the Caucasus

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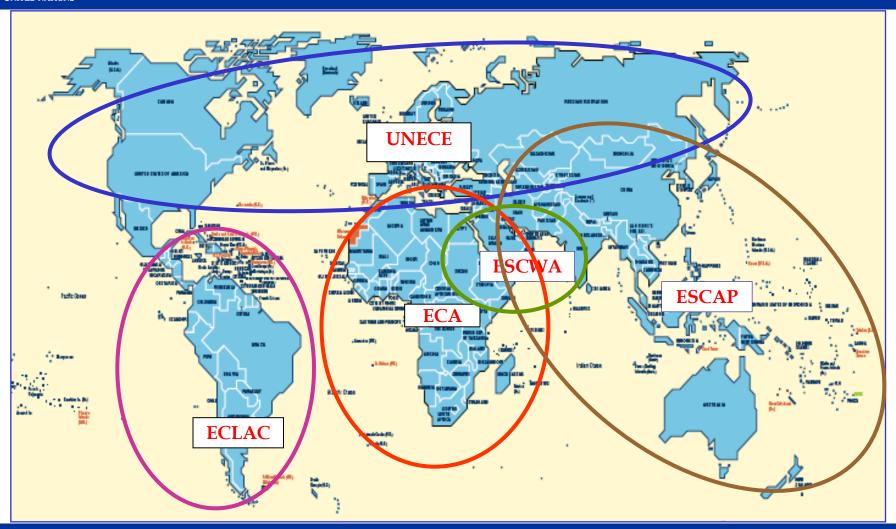
Martin Magold, UNECE Transport Division

Berlin High-level Dialogue on Implementing Rio+20 Decisisons on Sustainable Cities and Transport
Berlin, 19-21 June 2013





The 5 Regional Commission of the United Nations





UNECE mission and work procedures in transport

UNECE mission in transport

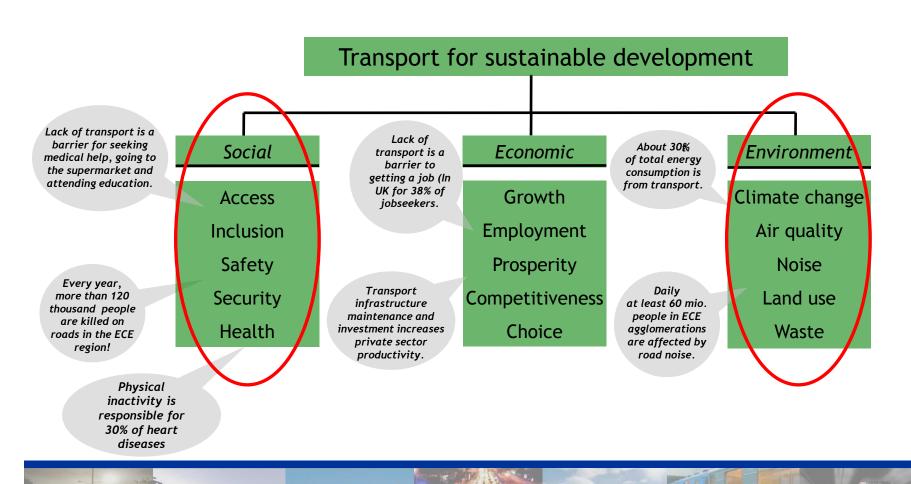
- Bridge between EU and «other» Europe, Central Asia + Caucasus
- Link-up with other UN regions
- Global and pan-European framework conditions and standards
- Platform for exchange of policies, best practices, peer reviews
- Capacity building for «transition» countries (Eastern Europe, Caucasus and Central Asia)

Work procedures in transport

- Multilateral treaties (50+ Treaties, Conventions, Agreements)
- Soft law (Resolutions, recommendations, guidelines)
- Standing inter-governmental bodies open to industry and civil society
- Projects, seminars, workshops



Transport for sustainable development It is not only about the environment!



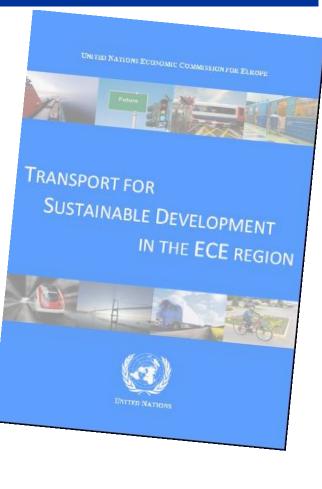


Transport for sustainable develoment Contributions by UNECE

2012 UNECE Report on sustainable development

- Assessing UNECE's transport activities
- Placing sustainability at the center of attention
- Taking a holistic approach
- Defining key messages and new areas of work







Environmental dimension

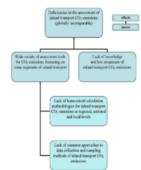
- World Forum for Road Vehicle Regulations
 Max. permissible emissions (CO, HC, NOx, particulates and noise for new passenger and heavy-duty vehicles
- Climate change impact on transport networks
- Intermodal transport
- For Future Inland Transport Systems (ForFits)



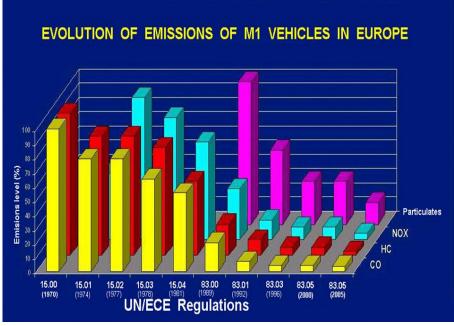
For Future Inland Transport Systems

Assessing CO2 emissions of land transport (road, rail, inland navigation)

- Global project (2011-2013)
- 2. Status Report issued
- 3. Data collection proposals
- 4. Review of existing tools
- Uniform methodology on monitoring CO2 emissions
- 6. Transport Policy Converter
- 7. 5 pilots at global level







> 95% of classic pollutants (CO, NOx HC) and > 85 % of particulates

UNDA project
For Future Inland Transport System
ForFITS

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Social dimension: Transport safety

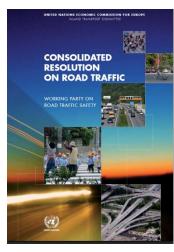
- Road traffic safety
- Transport of dangerous goods
- Tunnel safety
- Rail-road level crossings





Decade of Action for Road Safety, 2011 – 2020 We DRIVE BYTHE RULES United Nations Global Road Safety Week 6 – 12 May 2013











Source: UNECE <52 >119



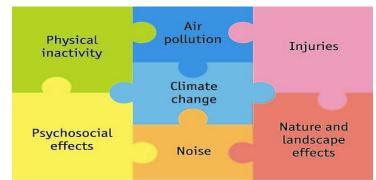
Social dimension: Health and active mobility

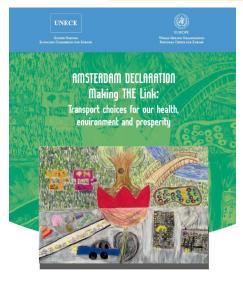
Joined forces: UNECE Transport and Environment Division

World Health Organization (WHO-Europe)

Transport, Health and Environment Pan-European Programme (THE PEP) of 2002

- Mandate: Amsterdam Declaration
- Tripartite and trilingual (E,F,R)
- Integrated and holistic
- Key: Deployment of integrated policy measures
- Exchange of know-how at pan-European level
- Focus: Cities and EECCA















Transport, Health and Environment Pan-European Programme



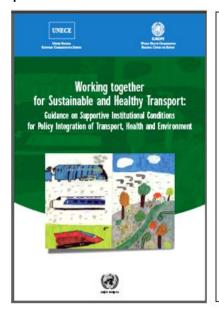


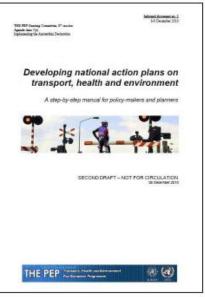
THE PEP Implementation Mechanisms (1)

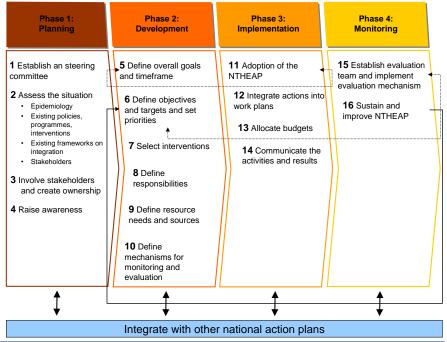
Transport, Health & Environment Action Plans:

National integration policies based on standard THE PEP

processes and manuals









THE PEP

Transport, Health and Environment Pan-European Programme





THE PEP Implementation Mechanisms (2)

Relay race/staffette workshops "Implementation of sustainable+health-friendly urban mobility":

Amsterdam - 2009

Prague - 2009



Skopje - 2010

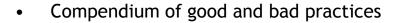
Batumi - 2010

Kiev - 2011

Moscow - 2012



Paris - 14 to 16 April 2014

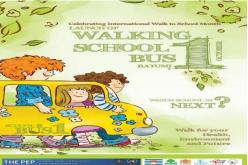


Action points for policy makers













Transport, Health and Environment Pan-European Programme UNITED NATIONS



THE PEP Implementation Mechanisms (3 a)

THE PEP Partnerships:

Green & healthy jobs in transport,

TRANSDANUBE

Eco-driving

Signs+signals for pedestrians+cyclists

Health Economic Assessment Tool (HEAT)

Documenting the evidence of the effects of transport





Polis Working Group – Transport for Healthy Urban Environments 201











Transport, Health and Environment Pan-European Programme







THE PEP Implementation Mechanisms (3 b)

THE PEP Partnerships:

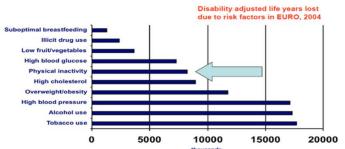
Health Economic Assessment Tool (HEAT)

Web-based tool for policy makers to calculate the economic value of health benefits of regular walking and cycling (cost-benefit ratio)

Physical inactivity is one of the leading risk factors for health in Europe, associated to nearly 1 million deaths/year Transport policies can create conditions supportive for physical activity

➢ If x people walk/cycle a distance of y kilometers on most days, what is the economic value of the health benefits that occur as a result of the reduction in mortality due to their physical activity?

The question



Health economic assessment tools (HEAT) for walking and for cycling



ECONOMIC ASSESSMENT OF TRANSPORT INFRASTRUCTURE AND POLICIES

UNECE - Transport Division

21 June 2013





Transport, Health and Environment Pan-European Programme





Health Economic Assessment Tool (HEAT)

30 min of walking/cycling at least 5 times a week (WHO recommendation)

reduces risk of:

- Heart disease (attack) by 20-30%
- Diabetes by 27%
- Colon cancer by 30%
- Lung and ovarian cancer by 20%

Net benefit (in days/months of life) of biking:

Lost (due to air pollution): - 1-40 life days

Lost (due to accidents): - 5-9 life days

Gained (due to physical activity): + 3-14 life months

Source: NL study







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investment and jobs in transpor

THE PEP Implementation Mechanisms (4)

- THE PEP Clearing House with dedicated search engine
- THE PEP Geneva Symposia (research & networking)





Public private partnerships electrify mobility in urban areas in the Netherlands





4th High-level Meeting Transport, Health and Environment





Transport for sustainable develoment UNECE



Towards a new generation of Sustainable Development Goals

- Sustainable transport and mobility are central to sustainable development
- Efficient movement of people and goods is key
- Road accidents are a leading cause of mortality
- Emissions of transportation, mainly road, on constant rise
- Transport infrastructures increasingly vulnerable climate change
- Corrective measures require political commitment

Arguments for a specific Sustainable Transport Goal?



United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE)



Thank you