The following are comments to the Zero Draft on SDGs (released 2nd June 2014), on behalf of the recently established

Asia Pacific Regional Civil Society Engagement Mechanism (RCEM) (transitional)

a civil society body currently representing over 70 organisations (and expanding) in the region. Currently in transition mode to a permanent structure, it has been set up under the auspices of UN-ESCAP and seeks to engage with UN agencies and Member States on the post 2015/SDG processes as well as other development related issues/processes

Comments are marked in different colour and suggested new targets are inserted as bullet points so as not to disturb the current numbering.

INTRODUCTION AND PROPOSED GOALS AND TARGETS ON SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT FOR THE POST2015 DEVELOPMENT AGENDA

Poverty eradication and reduction of inequality is the greatest global challenge facing the world today and an indispensable requirement for sustainable development. We are therefore committed to freeing humanity from poverty and hunger as a matter of urgency.

We recognize that poverty eradication changing unsustainable and promoting sustainable patterns of consumption and production and protecting and managing the natural resource base of economic and social development are the overarching objectives of and essential requirements for sustainable development.

We reaffirm our commitment to fully implement the Rio Declaration on Environment and Development, Agenda 21, the Programme for the Further Implementation of Agenda 21, the Plan of Implementation of the World Summit on Sustainable Development (Johannesburg Plan of Implementation) and the Johannesburg Declaration on Sustainable Development of the World Summit on Sustainable Development, the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States (Barbados Programme of Action) and the Mauritius Strategy for the Further Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States. We also reaffirm our commitment to the full implementation of the Programme of Action for the Least Developed Countries for the Decade 2011-2020 (Istanbul Programme of Action), the Almaty Programme of Action: Addressing the Needs of Landlocked Developing Countries within a New Global Framework for Transit Transport Cooperation for Landlocked and Transit Developing Countries, the political declaration on Africa’s development needs, and the New Partnership for Africa’s Development.

We reaffirm that we continue to be guided by the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations, with full respect for international law and its principles. We further reaffirm the importance of freedom, peace and security, respect for all human rights, including the right to development and the right to an adequate standard of living, including the right to food, the rule of law, good governance, gender equality, women’s empowerment and the overall commitment to just and democratic societies for development. We reaffirm the importance of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, as
well as other international instruments relating to human rights and international law.

We recognize that people are at the centre of sustainable development and, in this regard, we strive for a world that is just, equitable and inclusive, and we commit to work together to promote sustained and inclusive economic growth, social development and environmental protection and thereby to benefit all.

We affirm that there are different approaches, visions, models and tools available to each country, in accordance with its national circumstances and priorities, to achieve sustainable development in its three dimensions.

We recognize that each country faces specific challenges to achieve sustainable development, and we underscore the special challenges facing the most vulnerable countries and, in particular, African countries, least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing States, as well as the specific challenges facing the middle-income countries. Countries in situations of conflict also need special attention.

We reaffirm all the principles of the Rio Declaration on Environment and Development, including, inter alia, the principle of common but differentiated responsibilities, as set out in principle 7 thereof.

We reaffirm our commitment to strengthen international cooperation to address the persistent challenges related to sustainable development for all, in particular in developing countries. Sustainable development can only be achieved with a broad alliance of people, governments, civil society and the private sector, all working together based on the principles of equality and mutual benefit to secure the future we want for present and future generations.

We reaffirm that the means of implementation identified in Agenda 21, the Programme for the Further Implementation of Agenda 21, the Johannesburg Plan of Implementation, the Monterrey Consensus of the International Conference on Financing for Development and the Doha Declaration on Financing for Development are indispensable for achieving the full and effective translation of sustainable development commitments into tangible sustainable development outcomes. We reiterate that each country has primary responsibility for its own economic and social development and that the role of national policies, domestic resources and development strategies cannot be overemphasized. We reaffirm that developing countries need additional resources for sustainable development. We recognize the need for significant mobilization of resources from a variety of sources and the equitable, effective use of financing, in order to promote sustainable development. We acknowledge that good governance and the rule of law at the national and international levels are essential for sustained, inclusive and equitable economic growth, sustainable development and the eradication of poverty and hunger and reducing inequality.

Sustainable Development Goals are accompanied by targets and will be further elaborated through indicators focused on measurable outcomes. They are action oriented, global in nature and universally applicable to all countries, while taking into account different national realities, capacities and levels of development and respecting national policies and priorities. They integrate economic, social and environmental aspects and recognize their interlinkages in achieving sustainable development in all its dimensions.
**Proposed goal 1. End poverty in all its forms everywhere, share prosperity and promote equality**

1.1 by 2030, eradicate extreme poverty by bringing the number of people living on less than $1.25 a day to zero

1.2 reduce by at least 50% the proportion of people living below national poverty lines by 2030 in all countries

1.3 by 2030, fully implement nationally appropriate universal social protection measures including floors, with a focus on coverage of the poor, the most marginalized, women and people in vulnerable situations

1.4 by 2030 achieve equal access to productive employment and decent work with living wages for all, including the poor, persons with disabilities, and other people in vulnerable situations as well as women and young people

1.5 by 2030 [del: ensure development opportunities for all men and women, including secure rights to own] reduce by half the number of women and the number of men who lack access to basic services, land, property and other productive resources with secure rights, and access to financial services, including microfinance with particular focus on women, the poor, the most marginalized and people in vulnerable situations

1.6 by 2030 strengthen early warning and disaster risk reduction systems and related capacities with the aim of building resilience and protecting the poor, their livelihoods and productive assets, and those in vulnerable situations from disasters and shocks, including climate-related extreme events

**Additional Proposed Target:**

- reduce by x% deaths and economic losses related to disasters

1.7 pursue sustained and inclusive economic growth as a key enabler for achieving poverty eradication

1.8 integrate biodiversity, including agricultural biodiversity, conservation measures into national and local development strategies, planning processes and poverty reduction strategies.

**Proposed goal 2. End hunger, achieve food sovereignty and ensure adequate nutrition for all, and promote sustainable agriculture**

2.1 end hunger and ensure that all people have access to adequate, safe, affordable, diverse and nutritious food all year round by 2030 consistent with the right to adequate food and the fundamental right of everyone to be free from hunger
2.2 end malnutrition in all its forms, including undernutrition, micronutrient deficiencies and obesity and overweight, with special attention to reducing stunting by 40% and wasting to less than 5% in children less than 14 years of age by 2025, and address the nutritional needs of pregnant and lactating women and their access to agricultural and water commons

2.3 by 2030, substantially increase small-scale food producers’ incomes and productivity, including small family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, with a particular focus on women

2.4 by 2030 achieve access to adequate and appropriate inputs, knowledge, secure rights to land and other productive resources, veterinary services, financial services and markets for all, especially for small and family farmers, pastoralists, and fishers, with a particular focus on women and indigenous peoples

Additional Proposed Target:

- ensure by 2030 that concentration and misappropriation of land and their social and environmental negative impacts are halted, agricultural land grabbing for non-agricultural purposes is prevented and productive lands are redistributed

2.5 by 2030, develop food systems that are more productive, ecological, sustainable, free of toxic chemicals, resilient and efficient, and minimize adverse human and environmental impacts without compromising food and nutrition security with focus on substantially strengthening local food production systems

2.6 by 2030 reduce by 50% global food waste at retail and consumer level

2.7 by 2030 reduce by 50% production and post-harvest food losses and those along food supply chains

2.8 by 2030, fully implement ecological agricultural practices that strengthen resilience and adaptation to extreme weather, drought, climate change and natural disasters, in particular for small-scale farmers

2.9 achieve by 2030 protection and sustainable use of agricultural and forest biodiversity, including through enhanced use and application of indigenous practices and local and traditional knowledge, protecting farmer’s rights to seeds and through agricultural research and development related to agro-biodiversity and diversity of food that is safe to consumers and secures a dignified living to farmers, agricultural workers, and rural communities.

2.10 improve effectiveness of addressing humanitarian food emergencies, including as appropriate through stockholding

2.4 by 2030 fully implement measures including curbing excessive food price volatility, speculation in food in future markets, ensure proper functioning of markets and prevent agricultural land grabs for non agricultural purposes including for promoting agro-fuels
2.5 by 2020 Review/eliminate application of unproven and unsustainable technologies in agriculture including genetic modification

2.6 reduce intensity of use of water by at least x%, use of chemicals at least by y% and use of energy at least by z%

2.7 by 2030 eliminate the subsidies given by developed countries to agriculture, remove unilateral trade measures which prevent export of agricultural goods from markets in developed countries

Proposed goal 3. Attain healthy life for all at all ages

3.1 by 2030 reduce the maternal mortality ratio to less than 40 per 100,000 live births

3.2 by 2030 end preventable newborn, infant and under-five deaths

3.3 by 2030 end HIV/AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria, and neglected tropical diseases and Implement sustainable, ecologically sound, and holistic approaches to treat all such diseases.

3.4 by 2030 reduce by x% premature deaths from non-communicable diseases (NCDs), reduce deaths from injuries, including halving road traffic deaths, promote mental health and wellbeing, and strengthen prevention and treatment of narcotic drug and substance abuse

3.5 by 2030 increase healthy life expectancy for all by x%

3.6 achieve rights based universal health [del: coverage] care that puts public sector at the centre, including financial risk protection, with particular attention to the most marginalized and people in vulnerable situations

3.7 by 2030 ensure universal availability and access to safe, effective and quality affordable [del: essential] medicines, vaccines, and medical technologies for all that promotes public sector based production in developing countries

3.8 by 2030, strengthen antibiotic conservation measures and reduce to zero the non-therapeutic and preventative use of antibiotics in livestock production

3.8 by 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health [del: for all] and reproductive health and rights for all, including access to quality comprehensive affordable and integrated SRH information, education and services including modern methods of family planning

3.9 by 2030 decrease by x% the number of deaths and illnesses from indoor and outdoor air pollution
Proposed goal 4. Provide equitable and inclusive quality education and life-long learning opportunities for all

4.1 by 2030 ensure all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes

4.2 by 2030 ensure equal access for all to affordable quality tertiary education and life-long learning

4.3 by 2030 increase by x% the proportion of children able to access and complete inclusive quality pre-primary education and other early childhood development programmes

4.4 achieve universal youth literacy and basic numeracy and an increase by x% of adult literacy and basic numeracy by 2030

4.5 by 2030 increase by x% the number of young and adult women and men with the skills needed for employment, including vocational training, ICT, technical, engineering and scientific skills

4.6 by 2030 ensure that people in vulnerable situations and marginalized people including persons with disabilities and indigenous peoples have access to inclusive education, skills development and vocational training aligned with labour market needs

4.7 by 2030 integrate relevant knowledge and skills in education curricula and training programs, including comprehensive sexuality education education for sustainable development and awareness raising on culture’s contribution to sustainable development

4.8 by 2030 ensure that all schools and other educational institutions provide safe, healthy, non-discriminatory and inclusive learning environments for all

4.9 by 2030 enhance the quality of teaching through promoting training for teachers

Proposed goal 5. Achieve gender equality, empower women and girls the human rights of women and girls and their empowerment everywhere

5.1 By 2030 end all forms of discrimination against women and girls

5.2 eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in public and private spaces

5.3 eliminate all harmful practices, including child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilations

5.4 ensure equal access to quality education and eliminate gender disparities at all levels of education and training

5.5 ensure women’s equal access to full and productive employment and decent work, and equal pay for work of equal value
5.6 reduce and redistribute unpaid care and domestic work through shared responsibility

5.7 by 2030 ensure women’s equal access to, control and ownership of assets and natural and other productive resources, secure rights to land, property and inheritance, and ensure [del: as well as] non-discriminatory access to essential services and infrastructure, including financial services and ICT

5.8 ensure full, equal and effective participation and leadership of women at all levels of decision-making in the public and private spheres

5.9 By 2030 ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and [del: reproductive] rights for all women and girls [del: in accordance with the Programme of Action of the ICPD]

5.10 promote the availability of gender disaggregated data to improve gender equality policies, including gender responsive budgeting

5.11 fully engage men and boys in efforts to promote and achieve gender equality and the empowerment of women and girls

Proposed goal 6. Secure water and sanitation for all for a sustainable world

6.1 by 2030, provide universal right based access to safe and affordable drinking water, adequate sanitation and hygiene for all and ensure policies that recognize water as a human right and prevent privatization of water

6.2 by 2030 provide universal access to safe and affordable sanitation and hygiene including at home, schools, health centers and refugee camps, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls

6.3 by 2030, improve water quality by significantly reducing pollution, eliminating dumping of toxic materials, and improving wastewater management by x%, recycling and reuse by y%

6.4 by 2030, improve water-use efficiency by x% across all sectors

6.5 implement integrated water resources management, including rights-based and appropriate trans-boundary co-operation

6.6 ensure sustainable extraction and supply of fresh water, and by 2020 protect and restore ecosystems and aquifers as well as traditional and local water commons that provide water-related services

6.7 by 2030 decrease by x% mortality, and decrease by y% economic losses caused by natural and human-induced water-related disasters

6.8 provide adequate facilities and infrastructure, both built and natural, for safe drinking water and sanitation systems, for productive uses of water resources and for mitigating the impacts of water-related disasters
Proposed goal 7. Ensure access to affordable, sustainable, and reliable modern energy services for all

7.1 by 2030 ensure universal access to sustainable, reliable and affordable modern energy services for all and diversify sources of energy with focus on non-electrical forms of energy

Additional Proposed Target:

- reduce wasteful energy use in developed countries by x%

7.2 double the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix by 2030

7.3 double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency by 2030

7.4 by 2030 increase by x% globally the share of clean energy technologies, including sustainable biomass and advanced cookstoves

7.5 by 2030 phase out inefficient fossil fuel subsidies that encourage wasteful consumption, with solutions that aim to secure affordable energy for the poorest

7.6 by 2030 expand and upgrade as appropriate infrastructure for supply, transmission and distribution of modern and renewable energy services in rural and urban areas, including with a view to doubling primary energy supply per capita for LDCs

Proposed goal 8. Promote strong, inclusive and sustainable economic growth and decent work for all

8.1 sustain per capita sustainable economic growth of at least x% per annum (with x being set at a level appropriate to national circumstances)

8.2 sustain income growth of the bottom 40% of the income distribution of each country of at least y (greater than x)% to reduce income inequalities by 2030

8.3 by 2030 achieve full and productive employment and decent work with living wages for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities

8.4 by 2020 halve the number of youth not in employment, education or training

Additional Proposed Targets:

- increase union membership density by x% by 2030

- all countries legislate for and provide all workers with a minimum living wage sufficient to support a family to live with dignity, particularly workers in the informal sector, women workers, domestic workers, and migrant workers

8.5 create a sound macroeconomic environment with fiscal and monetary policies that promote equitable and sustainable development and mobilise resources
to finance essential public services.

8.6 [del: create an enabling environment for business with strong, transparent and accountable national economic institutions and policies that support investment and promote fair competition]

8.7 create incentives for the development of sustainable tourism which takes into account community decision-making participation, local culture and local products

8.8 create enabling conditions for increased growth and productivity of micro-, small- and medium-scale enterprises (SMEs), including through policies that promote local markets, sustainable production, entrepreneurship, creativity, innovation, and [del: through improved] equitable access to markets and financial services

8.9 increase the share of [del: high productivity] sectors and activities in the economy that promote productive employment and decent work, and strengthen productive capacities through technological upgrading, greater value addition and product diversification, with a particular focus on LDCs

8.10 promote greater resource efficiency of economic activities, including through sustainable supply chains, according to national circumstances and capacities

8.11 support the development of locally-owned and governed quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure for transport, energy, water and communications, in particular in developing countries with a focus on control access, and decision making by [del: for] the rural and urban poor, particularly women.

8.12 [del:improve regional and trans-border infrastructure to promote effective regional economic integration and facilitate trade] promote people-centered regional integration and cooperation to achieve shared development goals based on equality and mutual benefit

8.13 end child labour by 2030, protect the rights [del: and ensure safe and secure working environments of] to decent work and a living wage all workers, including migrant workers, domestic workers and other informal sector workers, and those in other forms of precarious employment

8.14 promote formalization of informal sector activities and employment with focus on women workers

8.15 [del: by 2030 lower the overall costs in migration processes and minimize transaction costs of remittances] End policies and practices that promote the exploitation of migrant workers, including through the regulation of recruitment agencies and the elimination of debt bondage.

8.16 [Del: explore the possibility of] create a global [del: broader] system of capital accounting looking beyond GDP and incorporating social, human and environmental capital
Proposed goal 9. Promote sustainable industrialization

9.1 achieve structural transformation of economies towards progressively higher levels of productivity in all sectors and activities *without compromising sustainability of future generations*

9.2 respect national *sovereignty, rule of law and national* policy space and national circumstances for industrial development, particularly in developing countries

9.3 ensure a conducive policy environment for industrial development, including encouragement of *socially and environmentally responsible and accountable industrial entrepreneurship and enterprise formation* with inclusion of micro- and SMEs

9.4 significantly raise industry’s share of employment and GDP in line with national strategies, including doubling manufacturing’s share in LDCs by 2030

9.5 increase industrial diversification in developing countries, including through enhanced domestic processing of raw materials and commodities and through new product development

9.6 support the integration of developing country industrial enterprises, particularly in Africa and LDCs, into regional and global value chains *so that it promotes greater value addition and moving up the value chain* for such enterprises

9.7 create decent industrial sector jobs and promote job-rich industrial development

9.8 promote industrial research, development and innovation, including raising the ratio of R&D workers per one million people by x% and the share of R&D spending in GDP by y%

9.9 upgrade the technological capabilities of industrial sectors in developing countries, including in middle income countries, and improve industrial resource efficiency by accelerating the development, transfer and adoption of environmentally sound and economically productive technologies and processes

9.10 promote indigenous technology development and the growth of domestic innovation in developing countries

9.11 by 2030 retrofit x% of existing industries with clean technologies and environmentally sound industrial processes to achieve y% energy and z% resource-efficiency improvement, with all countries taking action, developed countries taking the lead and developing countries following a similar pattern taking into account their development needs and capabilities.

9.12 ensure small-scale industrial producers have affordable access to credit and financial services
Proposed goal 10. Reduce inequality within and among countries

Reduce inequality among social groups within countries:

10.1 [del: by 2030 eliminate discriminatory laws, policies and practices] (Move to rule of law)

10.2 promote income and capital growth of the bottom 40% of the population that is higher than the national average through 2030/ reduce the wealth gap between the bottom 40% and top 10% of the population by x%

10.3 [del: by 2030 reduce inequalities of opportunity and outcome among social groups, including economic, social, and environmental inequalities] By 2030, all countries should have a national floor for social protection that includes income security, access to essential health care, and access to basic services.

10.4 [del: work towards reversing] reverse the decline of the share of labour income in GDP where relevant

Additional Proposed Target:

• increase by x% the amount of land owned and accessed by local communities, including the amount of land available to men and women for small-scale agriculture

10.5 [Del: empower and promote] ensure the [del: social and economic inclusion] participation of the poor, the marginalized and people in vulnerable situations, including data disaggregation by sex, age, disability, location (rural/urban), wealth quintiles and other characteristics as appropriate including indigenous peoples, women, minorities, migrants, persons with disabilities, older persons, children, [del: and] youth and communities which have been socially, economically and historically discriminated against in decision-making policies and programmes.

10.6 promote and respect cultural diversity

10.7 ensure the availability of high-quality, timely and disaggregated data to ensure monitoring of progress for marginalized groups and people in vulnerable situations. Data should be disaggregated according to gender, age, disability, and marginalised groups, among others.

International actions to reduce inequalities among nations:

10.8 Identify Institutions, policies and factors that perpetrate inequality and establish measures at global level, including ensuring x% growth in low income countries, to reduce inequality among countries

10.9 promote [del: strong] international institutions, that are oriented towards the
realisation of human rights and sustainable development, through the conclusion of reforms for increasing effective and democratic participation of developing countries in international financial institutions

10.10 **Strengthen** regulation of global financial markets and institutions [del: and strengthen their implementation] including higher standards of transparency and compliance with international human rights, social, and environmental standards.

10.11 [del: facilitate greater international mobility of] Ensure the protection of the human rights of all migrant workers, mitigate brain drain, and eliminate any discrimination in labour standards, access to social protection and social services.

10.12 assist developing countries in attaining long term debt sustainability through coordinated policies aimed at fostering debt financing, debt relief and debt restructuring

**Proposed goal 11. Build inclusive, safe and sustainable cities and human settlements**

11.1 by 2030, ensure universal access to adequate and affordable housing and basic services for all, and eliminate slums and slum-like conditions everywhere by improving living conditions of slum dwellers and ensure universal access to affordable, equitable, and sustainable land, housing and basic services for all urban dwellers

11.2 by 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport for all, expand public transport and improve road safety mobility and urban air quality, leading to improved health and reducing the contribution of transport to climate change.

11.3 planning and budgeting [del: enhance capacities for integrated and sustainable] Governments at national, subnational and local level have human settlement planning, budgeting and management that is sustainable, inclusive, participatory, sectorally and vertically integrated, gender-responsive, age-friendly and transformative-[del: for all, particularly developing countries]

11.4 strengthen positive economic and social links between cities and peri-urban and rural areas creating possibilities for decent work

11.5 by 2030, reduce the environmental impacts of cities and improve the quality of environment in cities by reducing wasteful use of energy and water, and pollution

11.6 by 2020, increase by x% the number of human settlements adopting and implementing policies and plans towards resilience and adaptation to climate change and natural disasters

11.7 enhance social cohesion and personal security, and ensure universal access to inclusive, green, and safe public spaces

11.8 by 2020 [del: 2030] ensure that all cities are accessible and offer opportunities to
older persons and persons with disabilities

11.9 protect and safeguard the world’s cultural and natural heritage, including ancient archaeological sites, intangible and underwater heritage, museum collections, oral traditions and other forms of heritage

Additional Proposed Targets:

- foster the development of an integrated multi-sectoral community-based approach to sustainable rural communities, towns and villages and in impoverished urban neighbourhoods, to ensure that all people's basic human needs are met.

- eliminate gender-based violence and all types of discrimination in any type of human settlement.

Proposed goal 12. Promote sustainable consumption and production patterns

12.1 Time-bound effective implementation of the 10-Year Framework of Programmes on sustainable consumption and production (10YFP)

12.2 by 2030 achieve sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources to enhance human welfare within the carrying capacity of ecosystems, ensuring that by 2020, at the latest, Governments, business and stakeholders at all levels have taken steps to achieve or have implemented plans for sustainable production and consumption and have kept the impacts of use of natural resources well within safe ecological limits.

12.3 significantly improve the resource efficiency of economic activities, incorporation of externalities in production models and pricing, i.e. full cost accounting and decouple economic growth from environmental degradation, with all countries taking action, developed countries taking the lead, and developing countries following a similar pattern taking into account their development needs and capabilities

12.4 promote sound management of chemicals and hazardous waste in accordance with agreed international frameworks, and by 2030 significantly reduce the releases of chemicals and hazardous wastes to air, water and soil

12.5 by 2030 reduce by x% per capita waste through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse

12.6 by 2030 at least halve per capita food waste at retail and consumer level, particularly in developed countries and countries with high per capita food waste

12.7 by 2030 redouble efforts to raise awareness for reduce overall consumption, with a redistribution of resources towards poor communities and poor countries, which requires a shift in values, changing lifestyles, reducing consumption (of, for example, energy, water, food), reconfiguring modes of production, and creating a
culture of sufficiency and sustainable lifestyles, including [del: through education, awareness raising] sustainability information on products and services, policies and incentives.

12.8 by 2020 create economic incentives and scientific and technological capacities that enable and promote sustainable consumption patterns including through a product life-cycle approach, increase in nutrition-focused production of foods and reduction in processed-food consumption and production [del: and a circular economy]

12.9 by 2030 increase by x% the number of companies, especially publicly listed and large companies, as well as State Owned Enterprises, reporting on corporate social and environmental accountability responsibility, including integrated reporting

12.10 by 2030, increase the share of private sector actors incorporating sustainable development principles in their business practices, including sustainable and shortening of supply chains, with due regard to the circumstances and capacity needs of micro- and SMEs x

12.11 by 2030 increase the share of sustainable products and services in public procurement, including through competitive and transparent procurement processes

Additional Proposed Targets:

- measurement of global footprints of consumption and production, for example in terms of water, raw materials, land use and greenhouse gas emissions, with a view to reducing by x% by 2030

Proposed goal 13.-[Del: Promote actions at all levels to] Effectively address climate change at all levels.

13.1 hold the increase in global average temperature below a 1.5°C rise in accordance with international agreements by aiming for greenhouse gas emissions (GHG) to peak before 2020 then rapidly decline to achieve net zero carbon emissions near mid-century through gender-responsive, socially just and environmentally sound national actions that take into account equity between countries, generations and genders.

Additional Proposed Targets:

- Reduce use of fossil fuel and greenhouse gas emissions (GHGs) in developed countries and in developing economies by having an appropriate sharing of burden and atmospheric space based on the principles of equity, CBDR and future responsibilities.

- Enhance and ensure cooperation of developed countries in mitigation and adaptation in developing and poor countries and SIDS, through equitable technology transfer and financial assistance

- Review and modify intellectual property rights and national, regional and
international trade agreements to allow the full development and utilization of safe, appropriate, ecologically and socially sound technologies that support a transition from a carbon intensive society;

13.2 build local resilience and adaptive capacity at all levels to climate induced hazards, climate-related disasters and slow-onset climate events especially for the poorest and most marginalized [del: peoples in all vulnerable countries] through, but not limited to, mechanisms and capacity to address loss and damage and redistribution of the burden of unpaid and domestic care work.

13.3 by 2020 Develop and implement gender-responsive, socially just and environmentally sound national actions for climate change adaptation and mitigation, including in [del: integrate climate change adaptation and mitigation strategies into development plans and] poverty reduction strategies

13.4 by 2020xx apply instruments and incentives [del: for] to rapidly reduce investment in fossil fuels, and to increase public financing, technology transfer and investments in low-carbon solutions in all relevant sectors

13.5 improve education, awareness raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change impact reduction and early warning through ecosystem- and rights-based programs that respect the needs and traditional knowledge, innovations and practices of local communities, especially women and indigenous peoples.

Proposed goal 14. Attain conservation and sustainable use of marine resources, oceans and seas

14.1 by 2030, prevent, control and reduce by x% marine pollution, debris and marine disposal of waste and tailings [del: of all kinds], including from land-based activities.

14.2 by 2020, sustainably manage, restore and protect marine ecosystems from destruction, especially areas of particular importance for biodiversity and ecosystem services, including by strengthening their resilience, and support relevant scientific research

14.3 address and prevent further ocean acidification

14.4 by 2020, effectively regulate commercial and industrial harvesting and end overfishing to restore by 2030 fish stocks to ecologically safe levels that can produce maximum sustainable yield

14.5 protect and support sustainable small-scale fisheries and aquaculture, including by providing equitable access of small-scale and artisanal fishers to fisheries and markets

14.6 ensure the full implementation of existing regional and international regimes for managing oceans and seas by their state parties
14.7 by 2020, eliminate illegal, unreported and unregulated (IUU) fishing and destructive fishing practices

14.8 By 2020, conserve at least 10% of coastal and marine areas, especially areas of particular importance for biodiversity and ecosystem services [del: including] through effectively and equitably managed, ecologically representative and well-connected systems of protected areas and other effective area-based conservation measures within and beyond areas of national jurisdiction [del: establishing effectively managed marine protected areas, consistent with international law and based on best available scientific information]

14.9 by 2020, eliminate subsidies which contribute to overcapacity and overfishing, and refrain from introducing new such subsidies, taking into account the need of developing countries, notably least developed countries and SIDS

14.10 by 2030, increase the economic returns to SIDS and LDCs from the sustainable development of coastal and marine resources from within their jurisdictions

14.11 implement integrated and participatory coastal management to increase resilience of coastal ecosystems and coastal communities

Proposed goal 15. Protect and restore terrestrial ecosystems and halt all biodiversity loss

15.1 by 2020 halt the loss of all biodiversity, and protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species

15.2 by 2020 ensure conservation and sustainable use of ecosystems, with particular attention to wetlands, including through restoration of [del: at least 15 per cent of] degraded critical ecosystems in accordance with the human right to live in a healthy environment.

15.3 maintain genetic diversity of both cultivated plants, farmed and domesticated animals and their wild relatives including through effective cooperation of national institutions. Ensure inclusion of indigenous and local communities in decision making, respect and help upscale their traditional knowledge and accelerate their capacity building as required

15.4 by 2030, ensure the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests and of mountain ecosystems with focus on participation of forest, and indigenous, and mountain communities in decision making and implementation.

15.5 by 2030 reverse the loss of and enhance forest quality (diversity?) and cover worldwide with focus on loss of rainforests due to competition with agro-fuels, increase reforestation by x%, including by providing adequate incentives for
by 2030, halt and prevent land degradation land grabbing including through the recognition of Indigenous and community conserved territories and areas (ICCAs) and other community-driven land conservation restoration initiatives ,[del: reclaim land affected by desertification and drought, and improve land productivity and soil quality]

15.7 ensure fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources. IPR rules and laws that allow the privatization of genetic resources must be repealed.

15.8 end poaching and trafficking of endangered species, and end demand and supply of illegal wildlife products while fully respecting relevant human rights agreements in particular the UN Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples.

15.9 introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems, and by 2020 control or eliminate the priority invasive species.

15.10 ensure free prior informed consent of indigenous peoples and local communities in decision making and natural resources management, and acknowledge and promote the use of their traditional knowledge.

15.11 integrate natural resources and biodiversity values into national and local planning, development processes, and accounts. *Ensure equitable access to, and management of, natural resources and fair and equitable sharing of benefits derived from natural assets, including genetic resources.

Proposed goal 16. Achieve peaceful and inclusive societies, rule of law, effective and capable institutions

Fostering peaceful and inclusive societies:

16.1 by 2030 reduce levels of violence and related death rate by x%

16.2 by 2030 end abuse, exploitation and violence against women, children and youth and implement measures to protect their rights irrespective of nationality, race, religion, or legal basis of migrant status.

16.3 by 2030 reduce illicit financial flows by x% and reduce money laundering and all forms of organized crime including human trafficking and illicit trade in arms, drugs and wildlife.

16.4 by 2030 increase inclusive, participatory and representative decision-making at all levels, taking into consideration the interests of present and future generations.

16.5 by 2020 build necessary capacities of sub-national and local governments for
fostering peaceful and inclusive societies

16.6 forge unity in diversity through democratic practices and mechanisms at the local, national and international levels

16.7 by 2020 provide information and education on a culture of non-violence

16.8 strengthen mechanisms for formal and non-formal dispute resolution at all levels

16.9 reduce the number of internally displaced persons and refugees

16.10 enhance the capacity, professionalism and accountability of the security forces, police and judiciary

Rule of law, effective and capable institutions:

16.11 develop effective, accountable and transparent public institutions at all levels

16.12 by 2030 provide equal and affordable access for all to independent, effective, and responsive justice systems that respect due-process rights, and equal access to legal aid

16.13 by 2020 provide legal identity for all, including birth, death and marriage registrations

16.14 by 2020 improve public access to information and government data, including on public finance management, public procurement and on the implementation of national development plans

16.15 by 2030 ensure that all laws are publicized and accessible by all

16.16 by 2030 establish and implement effective regimes to decrease and provide accountability for corruption and bribery in all its forms and at all levels

16.17 [del: promote] ensure freedom of media, association and speech

Proposed goal 17. Strengthen and enhance the means of implementation and global partnership for sustainable development

Additional Proposed Targets:

17.A. promote a stable, multilateral and equitable financial system, by establishing fully representative and participatory international institutions to regulate systemically important international banks and rating agencies, markets for commodity derivatives and international capital flows.

17.B. ensure international trade at multilateral, bilateral and other levels work to the benefit of developing countries and to help meet their development objectives by ensuring policy space and that it creates opportunities for all, and in particular does not
harm any, especially marginalised constituencies including women, small farmers, producers and businesses, youth, indigenous peoples, the elderly and others.

17.C ensure debt sustainability, debt restructuring and debt relief. Ensure that debt sustainability analyses by international financial institutions and their policy recommendations are consistent with the attainment of multilaterally agreed SDGs.

17.D. developed countries recommit to allocating at least 0,07% of GDP to poverty eradication and implementation of the SDGs post2015 agenda.

17.E: ensure equitable access of developing countries to environmentally sound, socially beneficial and economically productive technologies for meeting development objectives which may require lifting intellectual property barriers globally.

17.F: ensure that global agreements do not allow infringement by corporate actors on human rights and on national policy space that blocks rights-based, development oriented social, economic and environmental policies and that there are multilateral mechanisms that can subject investors and transnational corporations to legally binding norms and standards.

Proposed goal 1. End poverty in all its forms everywhere

17.1 develop competent, effective, transparent and accountable national institutions and implement effective and targeted capacity building programmes in developing countries in support of national plans for implementing sustainable development goals.

17.2 realize timely implementation of duty-free quota-free market access, on a lasting basis for all least developed countries in accordance with WTO decisions and the Istanbul Programme of Action.

17.3 developed countries implement fully ODA commitments to provide 0.7% of GNI in ODA to developing countries of which 0.15-0.20% to least-developed countries by 2020 based on internationally agreed principles.

17.4 direct and reconfigure ODA based on the human rights framework and principles of respect, solidarity, equity, gender equality, inclusion, non-subordination and justice, and encourage financial flows to states where the need is greatest, in particular African countries, LDCs, SIDS, LLDCs, and vulnerable states.

17.5 ensure that adequate policy space is given to developing countries by the international organizations to enable developing countries to establish and implement their policies for poverty eradication and sustainable development.

17.6 support broad-based multi-stakeholder partnerships, including with civil society, the private sector, and multiple levels of government, that while keeping the public sector at the core, mobilize knowledge, expertise, technologies and financial resources to support achievement of sustainable development goals, particularly in developing countries.
Proposed goal 2. End hunger, achieve food sovereignty and improve nutrition for all, and promote sustainable agriculture

17.7 reduce distortions in international trade, including phasing out all forms of agricultural export and harmful domestic subsidies given by the developed countries in line with the objective set out by the WTO Ministers in the 2005 Hong Kong Ministerial Declaration.

17.8 improve regulation with strengthened implementation of financial institutions and financial markets, including food commodity markets, to ensure global financial stability and to help dampen food price volatility.

17.9 increase investment in rural infrastructure, agricultural research, technology development, institutions and capacity building in developing countries to enhance agricultural productive capacity, particularly in countries that are net food importers.

Proposed goal 3. Attain healthy life for all at all ages

17.10 strengthen implementation of the Framework Convention on Tobacco Control in all countries who have ratified the Convention and urge countries that have not ratified it to ratify and implement it.

17.11 support research and development of vaccines and medicines for the communicable diseases that primarily affect developing countries.

17.12 in cooperation with pharmaceutical companies, provide access to affordable essential medicines in developing countries, and support developing countries’ use of TRIPS flexibilities.

17.13 increase by 2030 the recruitment, development and training and retention of the health workforce by x% and teachers by y% in developing countries, especially in LDCs.

17.14 increase the capacity for early warning, risk reduction, and management of national and global health risks.

Additional Proposed Target:

• protect national health care services from liberalization through trade agreements, loan conditionalities, and investment treaties.

Proposed goal 4. Provide equitable and inclusive quality education and life-long learning opportunities for all

17.15 by 2020 expand by x% globally the number of scholarships for students from developing countries to enrol in higher education programmes in developed countries and other developing countries, with a particular focus on science, engineering, health, economics, finance, management and sustainable development.
Additional Proposed Target:

- protect national education institutions from liberalization through trade agreements, loan conditionalities, and investment treaties.

Proposed goal 5. Attain gender equality, empower women and girls everywhere

17.16 by 2030, achieve universal access to ICT for all women and men, including as a means of promoting women’s empowerment

- secure and increase financial public resources and services across all sectors to implement differentiated measures to achieve gender equality, empowerment of women, and the realization and enjoyment of women’s and girls’ human rights in every human condition and throughout the life cycle, including by reallocating military spending and other innovative financing mechanisms

- secure gender mainstreaming in legal, programmatic, financial and budgetary, institutional and intergovernmental processes to achieve gender equality, including incentives and sanctions

17.17 increase financial resources and services across all sectors to achieve gender equality, empowerment of women, and the realization and enjoyment of women’s and girls’ human rights

Proposed goal 6. Secure water and sanitation for all for a sustainable world

17.18 by 2030, expand international cooperation and support in water and sanitation related technologies, including water harvesting technologies and wastewater treatment, recycling and reuse technologies

Additional Proposed Targets:

- the protection of water and sanitation services from liberalization through loan conditionalities, trade agreements and investment treaties

- the recognition of indigenous and community rights to empower frontline communities in the protection of watersheds

- international and regional cooperation in knowledge and technology transfer through public, public partnerships

Proposed goal 7. Ensure access to affordable, sustainable, and reliable modern energy services for all

17.19 enhance international cooperation to facilitate developing countries’ access to clean energy technologies, including through technology transfer and adequate financial assistance

17.20 encourage public and private sector investment, in particular public-private partnerships, in energy infrastructure and cleaner energy technologies
Additional Proposed Target:

- by 2020, establish an international framework on accountability of energy companies

Proposed goal 8. Promote strong, inclusive and sustainable economic growth and decent work for all

17.21 enhance global macroeconomic policy coordination and increase policy coherence in support of sustainable development

17.22 promote an open, rules-based, non-discriminatory and equitable multilateral trading system, including complying with the mandate for agriculture, services and non-agricultural products of the World Trade Organisation Doha Round keeping at its core the development objectives of the Doha Round, and implementing the development-friendly outcomes of the World Trade Organisation Bali Declaration

17.23 ensure a speedy conclusion of an ambitious, balanced, comprehensive and development-oriented outcome of the Doha Development Agenda of multilateral trade negotiations

17.24 improve market access for agricultural, fisheries and industrial exports of developing countries in particular African countries, Least Developed Countries, LLDCs and SIDS with a view to increasing their share of exports in global markets

17.25 increase trade-related capacity-building assistance to developing countries, including support for building their capacity to meet product regulations and standards, and enhance Aid for Trade initiatives including through the “Enhanced Integrated Framework”

17.26 promote regional and international collaboration on and access to science, technology, innovation, research and knowledge sharing, including through North-South, South-South and triangular cooperation and the revisiting of the global IPR framework.

17.27 mobilize additional international financial resources for development from multiple sources

17.28 strengthen domestic resource mobilization of developing countries, providing international support to improving tax collection, tax and natural resource revenue transparency

17.29 facilitate equitable investments in developing countries in infrastructure such as roads, railways, ports, water supply and treatment, and ICT

17.30 by 2030 countries progressively introduce broader measures of progress beyond GDP into national accounting, with supportive statistical capacity building in developing countries
Additional Proposed Targets:

- all countries legislate for and provide all workers with a minimum living wage sufficient to support a family to live with dignity, particularly workers in the informal sector, women workers, domestic workers, and migrant workers

- require multinational corporations to reinvest at least 1% of their profits at factory level in Developing and Least Developed Countries to promote decent and safe working conditions

**Proposed goal 9. Promote sustainable industrialization**

17.31 promote transfer and dissemination of clean and environmentally sound, socially beneficial and economically productive technologies to developing countries, including through the possible implementation of a UN global technology facilitation mechanism, and encourage the full use of TRIPs flexibilities

17.32 fully operationalize the Technology Bank and STI Capacity Building Mechanism for LDCs by 2017

17.33 build science, technology and innovation capacity in developing countries, including to undertake technology assessment and research, development and adaptation of clean and environmentally sound technologies. establish an international public system for the diffusion of green technologies that includes a participatory and transparent mechanism for assessing technologies according to their social, economic and environmental impacts

**Proposed goal 10. Reduce inequality within and among countries**

17.34 by 2030 reduce to 5% or below the transaction costs of migrants’ remittances, including regulatory and administrative costs

17.35 enhance global cooperation to facilitate orderly, safe, responsible migration and mobility of people, including through implementation of planned and managed migration policies that protect migrants’ human rights, and facilitate migrants’ contribution to sustainable development

**Additional Proposed Target:**

- establish a standardized transparent, accountable, intra-country agreement on migration and recruitment designed and agreed to regionally/globally by migrants sending and receiving countries where the advanced country in terms of migrating management will provide technical support to the less advanced countries for developing a safe and right based migration mechanisms

17.36 by 2020, substantially strengthen capacities for data collection and statistical analysis relevant to sustainable development with a focus on generating timely and high-quality data disaggregated, as appropriate, by income/wealth quintile, gender, age, race, ethnicity, disability, marital status and rural/urban location

**Additional Proposed Targets:**
- eliminate indirect taxes that disproportionately impact the poor and ensure that income taxes require progressive contributions that are scaled to income

- increase the percentage of domestic revenue derived from taxation on capital

- legislate for and provide a living wage for all workers, particularly workers in the informal sector, women workers, domestic workers, and migrant workers

- by 2030, eliminate illicit financial flows, transfer pricing, tax havens, and tax evasion

- introduce a global corporate tax floor

Proposed goal 11. Build inclusive, safe and sustainable cities and human settlements

17.37 provide financial and technical support to least developed countries to build urban infrastructure including communications, sewerage, waste management, recycling and other basic services

Additional Proposed Targets:

- increase and ensure investment in and public financing for low-carbon urban development, shifting from unsustainable investments, such as in fossil fuels and polluting industries

- ensure the decentralization of decision making related to urban development is coupled with decentralization of resources and develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels of governments

- provide equal access to independent and responsive justice systems including related to property and tenure rights, people’s territorial rights, employment, business, taxation, trade and finance

Proposed goal 12. Promote sustainable consumption and production patterns

17.38 enhance international cooperation with developed countries taking the lead in implementing sustainable consumption and production patterns, including through strengthening developing countries’ scientific and technological capacities to move towards more sustainable patterns of consumption and production

17.39 establish and effectively implement a multilateral code of conduct for multinational corporations to secure social and environmental responsibility and accountability

Proposed goal 13. [Del: Promote actions at all levels to] Effectively address climate change at all levels. [del: address climate change / Build a climate change goal based on the outcome of COP21 of the UNFCCC]
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Additional Proposed Target:

- enhance and ensure cooperation of developed countries in mitigation and adaptation in developing and poor countries and SIDS, through technology transfer and financial assistance

17.40 operationalize the Green Climate Fund as soon as possible

Additional Proposed Target:

- develop a dedicated fund resourced primarily through public finances to support reconstruction and address loss and damage in highly vulnerable countries

- ensure full actualization and disbursement of public, adequate, appropriate and new climate finance: in line with UNFCCC financial commitments, on the basis of CBDR and historical responsibility, and ensuring gendered and human rights based social, economic and environmental regulation and safeguards, to support developing countries mitigation and adaptation to already incurred impacts of global warming, in addition to loss and damage

Proposed goal 14. Attain conservation and sustainable use of marine resources, oceans and seas

17.41 increase scientific knowledge, and develop research infrastructure and capacities to enhance the contribution of marine biodiversity to the development of developing countries, in particular of SIDS and LDCs

17.42

Proposed goal 15. Protect and restore terrestrial ecosystems and halt all biodiversity loss

Additional Proposed Target:

- establish regional mechanism/platforms for intra and inter country dialogue on issues to be improved/negotiated on a regional level and also to work as a pressure group on behalf of the region to the highest body such as UN and other financial Institutions

- established regional networks to be identified and assessed for effectiveness, which are to be promoted for establishing best practices in the areas of protection and restoration of terrestrial ecosystems, halting biodiversity loss, protecting migrants and their families, preventing trafficking

Proposed goal 16. Achieve peaceful and inclusive societies, rule of law, effective and capable institutions

17.43 all countries should continue to act within the provisions of existing relevant international agreements
17.44 undertake regular monitoring and reporting of progress on SDGs within a shared accountability framework, including means of implementation, the global partnership among Member States and multi-stakeholder initiatives and partnerships

17.45 promote strong international institutions, including conclusion of reforms for increasing effective and democratic participation of developing countries in international financial institutions

17.45 cooperate globally to reduce substantially international tax evasion and avoidance

17.46 cooperate globally to combat illicit financial flows and transfers, recover stolen assets and return them to their countries of origin