Structure

• Vision
• Renewing political commitment
• Green economy in the context of …
• Institutional framework for …
• Framework for Action
What’s there? What’s new?

Key cross-cutting proposals:
• Global policy framework for corporate reporting
• Major groups upfront; Principle 10
• Green economy: national and sectoral strategies, knowledge platform, toolkit, indicators, capacity devt mechanism, roadmap
• Sus Dev Council with voluntary review process; upgrading of UNEP
• SDGs, other measures of progress beyond GDP
• Registry of commitments/accountability framework
What’s there? What’s not so new?

- Rights based approach to basic needs: food, water
- Access to information technology
- Reform of harmful subsidies with adequate protection of vulnerable groups
- Sustainable energy for all
- Social protection floor
- Ombudsman for future generations
What’s there to launch?

- Negotiations on agreement governing marine biodiversity beyond national jurisdiction
- Global observing network on ocean acidification
- 10-year framework of programmes on SCP
- Periodic report on the state of the planet’s carrying capacity
What’s lacking specifics?

Means of implementation
• financing for developing countries
• technology transfer: int’l R&D cooperation
• capacity building

... more specific?

Education:
• mainstreaming SD in curricula
• greening campuses
• SD educational exchanges, scholarships
What might be there?

• Could be more explicit, ambitious on a number of the points (e.g., Principle 10)
• Could have picked up other Major Group proposals, e.g.:
  – specific SDGs; endorsement of MCGs
  – Intergovernmental Panel on S.D.
  – ???
ON SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AND FINANCE:

Given the importance of large pools of private and sovereign capital to enable the transition to sustainable development, we call on the following entities to explore a range of measures to apply sustainable development criteria, including:

• The boards of Sovereign Wealth Funds and of national and international public pension funds, as well as other major financial institutions in their investment decisions
• Governments, or stock market regulators to pass or revise regulations in order to encourage their use
• Stock exchanges to facilitate their application in the analysis of companies and their reports on compliance.
• Governments to develop incentives and create an enabling environment by making Boards of Directors attentive to them (fiduciary duty)
• Governments and credit rating agencies should integrate them in their respective risk assessments.

(Felix Dodds, based on GSP recommendations)
“What should be there?”

A few suggestions from NGOs, think tanks:
• concrete proposals on innovative financing
• Committee on Food Security (CFS) to be tasked with advising governments on how to implement the recommendations of the IAASTD (Greenpeace)
• a global feed-in tariff program to support renewable energy investments in developing countries (idem)
• CBD Aichi Biodiversity Targets to reduce biodiversity loss by 2020 (idem)
Accountability

• Rio+20 must be about much more than just another document. The next Earth Summit needs to stimulate real accountable actions that put humanity on a more sustainable path. (NRDC)

• Question: how to ensure accountability for commitments?
EARTHPROMISES

The Global Registry of Commitments on Sustainable Development is a centralized repository to keep track of sustainable development commitments made by governments, organizations, and other relevant actors in the international context. EarthPromises was an outcome of the UN Conference on Sustainable Development (Rio+20). Content is provided by governments, MEA Secretariats, observers and other stakeholders on a voluntary basis, and is organized and maintained by a small specialized Secretariat. EarthPromises database is fully searchable and all information is freely available to the public. Read more.

Proposed Format for Registry of Commitments: NRDC
### SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT ACCOUNTABILITY FRAMEWORK

| What is the commitment? | Commitments pledged (voluntarily) should be **Specific** in scope, **Measurable** in progress, **Attainable**, **Realistic** and **Timely** (**S.M.A.R.T.**)

(Criteria/Template: What are the tangible deliverables/results? What metrics are used to measure/track progress? When will it be completed? How much $ is committed/confirmed? How is success defined?). |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>By whom</th>
<th>Member States</th>
<th>Partnerships</th>
<th>Private Sector</th>
<th>NGO</th>
<th>Local government</th>
<th>Individuals</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Types/Size of commitment</td>
<td>Global (e.g. Sustainable Development Goals)</td>
<td>Large/Regional (e.g. an Energy Access initiative in partnership between public and private sector)</td>
<td>Sectoral/Issues based (e.g. a global corporation commits to reduce its energy use)</td>
<td>Local (e.g. a primary school commits to recycle its waste)</td>
<td>Small/Personal (e.g. John Smith commits to use less paper and take the bus instead of driving)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Review mechanism</td>
<td>Intergovernmental process (e.g. SD Council/UPR; Intosai¹)</td>
<td>Annual Meeting/Forum (e.g. an SD Partnership Forum; Clinton Global Initiative)</td>
<td>Annual report, tracked and ranked by a UN or NGO-organization (e.g. an organization similar to Transparency International, producing an annual index or tiered-ranking (gold, silver, bronze))</td>
<td>Biennial meeting to present progress (e.g. Global Sustainability Forum organized by SD Council)</td>
<td>Pledged via a web or social network platform (e.g. Facebook)</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
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Footnotes