Wada Na Todo Abhiyan

Annie Namala, Convener
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Civil Society Platform in India Working on Promoting Governance Accountability to End Poverty and Social Exclusion
WNTA and SDGs

100 Hotspots
Geo-social tracking of SDGs for the economically and socially excluded communities with limited primary data ever collected on.

Civil Society SDG Report
Annual SDG report on progress on individual SDG goals and perspective of vulnerable communities by civil society networks and coalitions.

VNR 2020 Consultations
36 Sub-national and 16 National Consultations with 16 vulnerable (LNOB) communities. Input into India VNR 2020 and civil society report 2020.

Global Engagement
Engaging with international civil society platforms to collaborate and increase collective knowledge on SDGs. HLPF engagements.
‘LNOB’ and India

Need for disaggregated community-generated data for advocacy measures around vulnerable groups in India
Participatory Research

- REAL-TIME MONITORING WITH APP-BASED SURVEY
- FOCUS GROUP DISCUSSIONS
- MAPPING GEOSPATIAL VULNERABILITIES
- COMMUNITY CAPACITY BUILDING
‘100 Hotspots’: Select Findings

Figure 4.3: Education Status (%)

- Literacy Rate
- Government Education
- Students Getting Scholarship from Government

Figure 3.4 Out of Pocket Expenditure on Health In LNOB Community vs India (Rupees)

- HH OOPEx on Health (Annual)
- Annual Average HH Income
- National Annual HH Health Expenditure (NHAIL 2018)
‘100 Hotspots’: Engagements and Outcomes

35 Hotspots
Communities covered include the economically and socially excluded groups with limited primary data ever collected on.

100 SDG Champions
Citizens and CSOs trained about SDGs and data collection for capacity building in each Hotspot.

01

02

03

04

05

Technological Intervention for Development
CSOs oriented about how technology simplifies data collection and allows quick evidence-based advocacy.

Study on Intersectional Vulnerabilities
Children in 09 communities and 05 communities residing in urban areas were studied to assess their development vis-à-vis SDGs.

Advocacy
Continuous engagement with UN and various global networks has been established to promote the study and citizen-led data.
Women
LGBTQIA+
Adivasis
Bonded Labour and Victims of human trafficking
Migrants and Urban Poor
Elderly
Dalits
People living with HIV
Youth and adolescents
Farmers
Persons with disability
Nomadic – Denotified Tribes
Children
North East Region
Refugees
Religious Minorities
LNOB, COVID and Lockdown

Community-based Monitoring of Impact on Livelihood, Employment, Migration, Social Services, Security

Ground-up Advocacy Approach
Sex Workers have been left out of the development narrative for lack of concrete data documenting our access and needs to basic services. This was the first time our community was exposed to SDGs and discovered various rights that we deserve as human beings. This project has shown with proof that basic needs and rights of Sex Workers need just as much tending to as other vulnerable people.

Ayesha, Community Anchor - SexWorkers
National Network of Sex Workers

The use of mobile app for survey was an innovative design which helped the data collectors immensely and the real-time monitoring also helped create genuine data for the community. The participatory approach of the study has helped localise SDGs which we will further use for advocacy push.

Brishit Banerjee, Community Anchor - Slum Dwellers
Youth for Voluntary Action

This is the first time someone has studied our community and given us data that we can use to talk to local authorities. We are deprived of a lot of benefits, but we didn’t even know about our legal entitlements. We aim to make more people aware about these rights, and SDGs and advocate for effective implementation so that these benefits start reaching our people.

Shiv Charan Singh, Field Worker, Pahari Korwa (PVTG) Community

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