WHO/UNICEF JMP Snapshot on Water & Sanitation in the Arab Region: SDG baseline and the unfinished WASH agenda

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WHO/EMRO/CEHA
OUTLINE

- The unfinished W&S agenda in the Arab countries
- JMP 2017 update and SDG Baseline
- Announcements
- Definitions, information sources & references

WHO/UNICEF
JMP Snapshot

A snapshot of Drinking Water, Sanitation and Hygiene in the Arab Region

2017 Update and SDG Baselines

Prepared by:
WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring Programme for Water Supply, Sanitation and Hygiene
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The Unfinished Sanitation Agenda
SDG 6.2

- **End open defecation** for 25 million mainly in Sudan, Yemen, Somalia, Morocco, and Mauritania.

- **Leave No One Behind**- extend **sanitation services** to 19% (74 million) mainly in Sudan, Yemen, Somalia, Morocco, Egypt and Iraq.

- **Manage sanitation safety**: only 29% have safely managed sanitation services.

- **Improve reporting on sanitation safety**: only on 15 countries it was possible to report on safely managed sanitation.

- **Reduce urban/rural inequalities**: most of people practicing open defecation live in rural areas; 10% of the population in urban areas versus 31% of rural lack basic sanitation; most of people using safely managed sanitation services live in urban areas.
The Unfinished Drinking Water Agenda
SDG 6.1

- **Leave No One Behind** - extend drinking water service to 13% (51 million) mainly in Sudan, Yemen, Morocco, Somalia, Iraq and Algeria.

- **Accelerate and sustain progress** towards 2030 universal basic water: progress is too slow in 10 countries and slightly decreasing in 3 countries.

- **Manage drinking water safety**: Basic water services are not necessarily safely managed.

- **Reduce urban/rural inequalities**: 6% of the population in urban areas versus 23% in rural areas still lacks even a basic drinking water service.

- **Improve monitoring of SDG 6.1**: only in 7 countries it was possible to report on safely managed water services.
SANITATION COVERAGE
SDG 6.2

- 81% have at least basic sanitation
- Only 29% use safely managed sanitation
- 19% (74 M) lack basic sanitation
- 6% (24 M) practice open defecation in rural areas
- 31% rural vs. 10% urban areas lack basic service
- Safely managed service available in urban areas

* no safely managed estimate available
74 million (19%) lacked a basic sanitation service

- Sudan, 26
- Yemen, 11
- Somalia, 9
- Egypt, 6
- Morocco, 6
- Iraq, 5
- Rest of the Region, 10
6% (24 million) still practiced open defecation

- Sudan, 11
- Somalia, 4
- Mauritania, 1
- Rest of the Region, 0.6
- Yemen, 5
- Morocco, 3
- Algeria, 0.3
While 86% used basic sanitation, only 32% are safely managed.
Drinking water coverage
SDG 6.1

- 87% of the population used basic water services

- It was not possible to derive a regional figure for safely managed water services because estimates were available for only 7 countries

- Rural/urban disparities: 23% rural vs. 6% in urban areas lack basic water services

* no safely managed estimate available
51 million (13%) lacked access to basic drinking water service
While 92% used improved water service, only 48% are safely managed.
Progress towards universal basic water 2030

- **Already reached the target:** ARE, BHR, KWT, QAT, SAU
- **On track:** MAR, TUN
- **Progress too slow:** DJI, DZA, EGY, IRQ, LBN, MRT, SDN, SOM, SYR, YEM
- **Basic water services decreasing:** COM, JOR, PSE
- **OMN and LBY have not been assessed (missing 2000 baseline)**
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