Cluster 7: Means of implementation and Global partnership for development

- We welcome the reflection in the focus areas document, of the need to have MoI related to each goal, as well as a stand alone goal for global partnership

Suggested goal:
Enhance global partnership for development implementation and promote an international enabling environment for development

Suggested targets:
- Commitment by developed countries to meet ODA targets on an agreed timetable, and ensure the provision of adequate financial resources for sustainable development in developing countries to enable them to achieve SDGs, including the fulfillment of the commitments by many developed countries to achieve the target of 0.7 per cent of gross national product for official development assistance (ODA);
- make development assistance more effective and predictable by providing developing countries with regular and timely indicative information on planned support in the medium term
- Cut Illicit Financial Flows (IFFs) by 50% by 2020, halt flows by 2025, and repatriate them to their countries of origin by 2030;
- Eliminate all barriers to remittance flows to developing countries
- Transfer environmentally sound technologies to developing countries and establish the Global UN technology facilitation mechanism, as mandated by Rio+20
- continued and focused implementation of the Bali Strategic Plan for Technology Support and Capacity-building,
- Increase and support Developing countries use of TRIPS flexibilities
- Reforming the international intellectual property regime with a view to facilitating technological catch-up and improving health and education standards and food security in developing countries.
- Improve the climate for trade for developing countries, and ensuring that trade and trade rules work to the benefit of developing countries and to help meet their development objectives.
- Develop an open, rule-based, predictable, non-discriminatory trading and financial system.
- Ensuring that trade and investment agreements enable the necessary policy space in developing countries that is required for development
- Eliminate all trade protectionist measures to increase the volume of exports from developing states and their market access.
- Ensure developing countries achieve debt sustainability through debt financing, debt relief and debt restructuring
- Broadening and strengthening the participation of developing countries in international economic decision-making and norm setting, and the reform of the governance of those institutions in order to deliver more effective, credible, accountable and legitimate institutions
- Strengthen regulation of financial markets and institutions to ensure global financial stability
- Control and regulate speculation in the commodities markets, including through ensuring favourable terms for commodity-dependent Domestic Companies in contracts with Trans-National Companies to enable them to add more value to commodities and obtain more revenues from commodity-related activities
- Reforming the international monetary system to support sustainable development and addressing the shortcomings in the exchange rate and the international reserves systems
- Establishing a mechanism for monitoring the implementation of the Global Partnership Goal and Targets in accordance with the post-2015 development agenda
- Peaceful and non-violent societies, rule of law and capable institutions are both enabling conditions of sustainable development and a result of achieving sustainable development.