Focus area 9. Industrialization and promoting equality among nations (separate focus area)

Promote sustainable industrialization and equality among nations

a) ensure adequate policy space\(^4\) and a conducive policy environment at all levels for industrial development, including encouragement of industrial entrepreneurship and enterprise formation with inclusion of SMEs\(^2\)
b) create decent industrial sector jobs and promote job-rich industrial development\(^3\)
c) achieve high productivity levels across industrial sectors in all countries\(^4\)
d) **Promote endogenous technology development and innovation in developing countries.**
e) by 2030 increase industrial diversity particularly in developing countries, with a focus on shifting towards higher value-added activities\(^2\) through provision of, access to and transfer of technologies to developing countries
f) ensure favourable market access for industrial products and processed commodities of developing countries;
g) by 2030, increase by \(x\)% the resource efficiency of industry\(^6\), reduce by \(y\)% harmful chemicals used and waste generated\(^2\), and decrease by \(z\)% the intensity of carbon emissions from the industrial sector\(^8\)
h) increase by a factor of \(x\) the share of environmentally sustainable products and services in GDP\(^9\)
i) **enhance access to science, engineering and technical skills, and innovations for developing countries;**
j) by 2020 implement plans and measures to strengthen the technological capabilities of industrial sectors in developing countries, including plans to accelerate development, transfer and adoption of environmentally sound industrial technologies and processes, including cleaner fossil fuel technologies
k) **Increase domestic processing of raw materials by \(x\)%**
l) by 2030 retrofit \(x\)% of existing industries on global level based on energy and resource-efficient technologies and environmentally sound industrial processes
m) ensure that the outcomes of research and knowledge creation are accessible to developing countries
n) Ensure that trade rules and regulations are consistent with the objectives of developing countries for industrial development and technological progress in order to ensure equality of economic opportunities for all
o) observe cultural identity, societal values and use of indigenous languages in all countries
p) Establish measures at global level to reduce inequality among countries

Appropriate means of implementation
Focus area 10. Sustainable cities and human settlements

Build inclusive, safe and sustainable cities and human settlements

a) By 2030, ensure universal access to adequate and affordable housing and basic services for all, and eliminate slum-like conditions inadequately everywhere.

b) By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport for all, improve road safety and urban air quality everywhere.

c) Enhance capacities of the developing countries for having integrated urban human settlement planning and management.

d) By 2030, reduce the ecological footprints of cities by x%.

e) By 2020, increase by x% the number of cities adopting and implementing policies and plans towards resilience and adaptation to climate change and natural disasters.

f) Facilitate investments in the developing countries, in infrastructure such as roads, railways, ports, electricity, and communications;

g) By 2030 enhance social cohesion and personal security, and ensure universal access to inclusive and safe public spaces.

h) By 2030 ensure that all cities, rural and urban areas, are accessible and offer opportunities to persons with disabilities.

i) Protect and safeguard the world’s cultural and natural heritage.

j) Assist developing countries in enhancing their capacities and ensure affordable access to related know-how, science, technologies, and innovations.

Appropriate means of implementation

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1 Bolivia on behalf of G77 and China, Benin on behalf of LDCs, Tanzania on behalf of Africa Group, Egypt, Indonesia.
2 Australia/Netherlands/UK, Costa Rica, Guatemala/Colombia, Indonesia, Lebanon, Montenegro/Slovenia, Pakistan, Romania/Poland, Business & Industry Major Group.
3 Benin on behalf of LDCs, Canada/USA/Israel, Colombia/Guatemala. Indicators could include: growth rate of industrial sector employment; share of industrial employment in total employment; skills profile of industrial sector jobs.
4 G77, Benin on behalf of LDCs, Canada/USA/Israel, Indonesia, Peru/Mexico. For most countries, a useful indicator is the rate of convergence to the productivity frontier in a given industry.
5 Benin on behalf of LDCs. Zambia on behalf of Southern Africa, Canada/USA/Israel, China/Indonesia/Kazakhstan, Ecuador/Argentina/Bolivia, Pakistan, Paraguay, Peru/Mexico, Saudi Arabia, Vietnam/Bhutan/Thailand; NGOs. One indicator of diversity could be the distribution of employment across industrial sectors.
6 Argentina/Bolivia/Ecuador, Finland, Indonesia, Ireland/Norway/Denmark, Montenegro/Slovenia, Pakistan, Sweden; indicators could include: material, water and energy use per unit of industrial output; volumes of harmful chemicals, waste and pollution; industrial waste and wastewater treatment and recycling rates.
7 Trinidad and Tobago (CARICOM), Australia/Netherlands/UK, Colombia/Guatemala, Finland, France/Germany/Switzerland, Greece, Indonesia, Italy/Spain/Turkey, Mexico/Peru, Norway/Ireland/Denmark, Sweden; Women’s Major Group.
8 Pakistan; other proposals in this area from Nauru (AOSIS), PNG (PSIDS), Trinidad and Tobago (CARICOM), Costa Rica, France/Germany/Switzerland, Maldives, Montenegro/Slovenia, Romania/Poland, Solomon Islands, Sweden.
9 Ecuador/Bolivia/Argentina, France/Germany/Switzerland, Italy/Spain/Turkey.
10 Argentina/Bolivia/Ecuador, Egypt, Nauru (AOSIS); China/Indonesia/Kazakhstan refer to establishment of improved mechanisms for technology transfer, dissemination of R&D results; Brazil/Nicaragua propose a target on increasing research and development (R&D) as percentage of GDP in developing countries, Ecuador proposes...
increasing R&D to promote economic diversification, Italy/Spain/Turkey make general reference to supporting R&D.

11 Benin on behalf of LDCs, Australia/Netherlands/UK, Norway/Ireland/Denmark, France/Germany/Switzerland, Cyprus/Singapore/UAE, Greece, Australia/Netherlands/UK, Italy/Spain/Turkey, Argentina/Bolivia/Ecuador, Pacific SIDS, China/Indonesia/Kazakhstan, Brazil/Nicaragua, Trinidad and Tobago on behalf of CARICOM, Croatia/Bulgaria, Poland/Romania, Iran; also supported by Children & Youth and Local Authorities Major Groups

12 Trinidad and Tobago on behalf of CARICOM; similar proposals from Colombia/Guatemala, Cyprus/Singapore/UAE, Norway/Ireland/Denmark, Greece, Pakistan, India, Iran, Children & Youth and Local Authorities Major Groups

13 Norway/Ireland/Denmark, Australia/Netherlands/UK, Pakistan, Greece, Belarus, Montenegro/Slovenia, Benin on behalf of LDCs, Trinidad and Tobago on behalf of CARICOM, Cyprus/Singapore/UAE, Croatia/Bulgaria, Poland/Romania, USA/Canada/Israel, Saudi Arabia, Children & Youth and Local Authorities Major Groups

14 Australia/Netherlands/UK, Argentina/Bolivia/Ecuador, Russia, Belarus, Ethiopia, Trinidad and Tobago on behalf of CARICOM, Cyprus/Singapore/UAE, Saudi Arabia, Children & Youth and Local Authorities Major Groups

15 Norway/Ireland/Denmark, Australia/Netherlands/UK, France/Germany/Switzerland, Greece, Italy/Spain/Turkey, Montenegro/Slovenia, Trinidad and Tobago on behalf of CARICOM, Cyprus/Singapore/UAE, Saudi Arabia, Children & Youth and Local Authorities Major Groups

16 Bolivia on behalf of G77&China, Benin on behalf of LDCs, China/Indonesia/Kazakhstan, Australia/Netherlands/UK, France/Germany/Switzerland, Brazil/Nicaragua, Montenegro/Slovenia, Italy/Spain/Turkey, Poland/Romania, Saudi Arabia, Iran, Children & Youth and Local Authorities Major Groups

17 Colombia/Guatemala, USA/Canada/Israel

18 Australia/Netherlands/UK, Norway/Ireland/Denmark, France/Germany/Switzerland, Pakistan, Belarus, Greece, Benin on behalf of LDCs, Peru/Mexico, Croatia/Bulgaria

19 Colombia/Guatemala, Brazil/Nicaragua, Norway/Ireland/Denmark, Montenegro/Slovenia, France/Germany/Switzerland, Australia/Netherlands/UK, Iran

20 Zambia on behalf of Southern African States, Pakistan

21 Greece, Croatia/Bulgaria, Iran, Children & Youth and Local Authorities Major Groups