

Thematic Discussion: Land

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Land & Livelihoods

- Rural & urban approaches
- Jobs
- Access to water etc.
- Informal business
- Migrants & remittances



Climate change & land resources

- Rural & urban link
- Climate refugees
- Impact on cities
 - Planning
 - Property values
 - Financing
 - Governance



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Integrated land use planning & management

- Global Land Tool Network
- Participatory planning at scale
- Master planning
- Standards
- Weak state structure
- Institutional coordination
- Planning permissions
- Decentralized planning

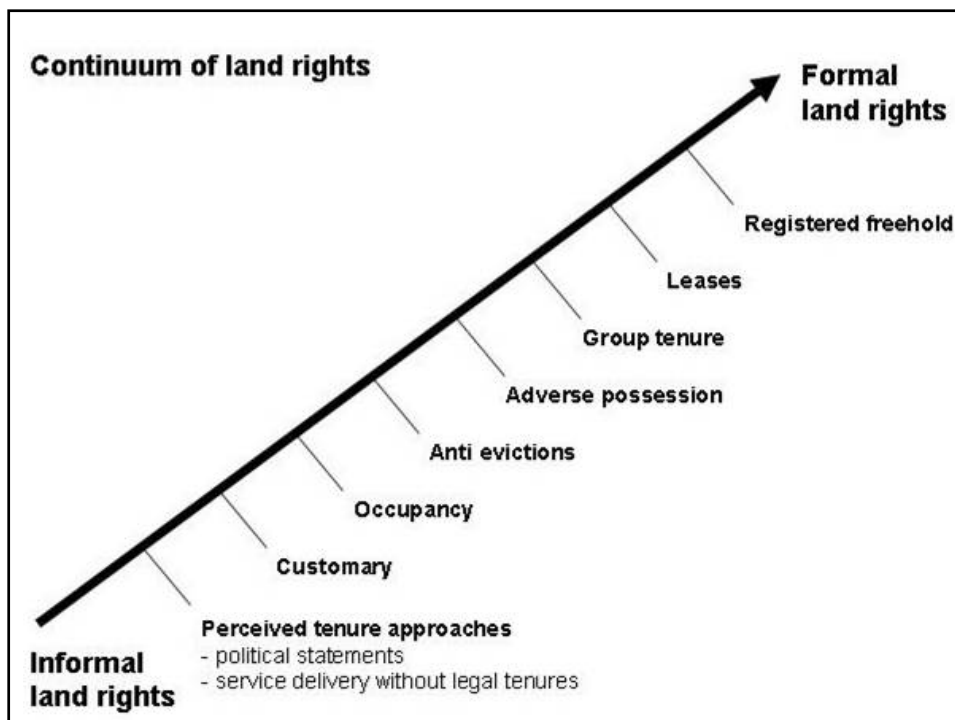


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Information systems & tools for land use planning

- Conventional, zoning & cadastre
- As built vs. master plan
- GLTN: FIG & ITC working on STDMM
 - Range of rights (pastoral, secondary, individual)
 - Range of subjects (individuals/groups)
 - Range of descriptions (cadastral, pictures, dots)
- LADM/STDMM as ISO TC 211 standard



GLTN objectives

The objectives of GLTN:

- a) To increase global knowledge, awareness and tools to support pro-poor and gender sensitive land management;
- b) To strengthen capacity in selected countries to apply pro-poor and gender sensitive tools to improve the security of tenure of the poor in line with the recommendations regarding UN Reform and the Paris Declaration on Aid Effectiveness.



GLOBAL LAND TOOL NETWORK

W W W . G L T N . N E T



GLTN is an attempt to create a comprehensive global focus to move the land agenda forward

The GLTN agenda:

- Develop pro poor gendered land tools
- Unblock existing initiatives and to add value
- Research, documentation and dissemination
- Strengthen global comprehensiveness (Paris Declaration)
- Improve security of tenure for the poor (Global Campaign on Secure Tenure)
- MDG goals: indicators/benchmarks



Historical development of the global land agenda

1. During the last 15 years stakeholders have identified that there are a lack of pro poor approaches to land.
2. Civil society has been lobbying governments to deal with rural and urban poor land issues.
3. Experts, prominent land lawyers and planners promoting the land tool agenda. FIG identified that technical tools needed for pro poor land administration approaches & working group established.
4. Approximately 15 countries in Africa developed pro poor policies and tenure types. Now in search of pro poor instruments and methods for implementation.
5. The World Bank carried out regional workshops, released report on Land Policies for Growth and Poverty Reduction. The bank is now undertaking research on pro poor implementation.
6. The UN General Assembly Resolution 59/239 encouraging countries to promote the administration of land and property rights.
7. Numerous international conventions around housing rights.



The Global Land Tool Network identifies five themes on land tool development:

1. Land rights, records and registration
2. Land use planning
3. Land Management, Administration and Information
4. Land law and enforcement
5. Land Value Capture



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18 GLTN land tools, 5 themes

1. Land rights, records and registration

- 1a. Enumerations for tenure security
- 1b. Continuum of land rights
- 1c. Deeds or titles
- 1d. Socially appropriate adjudication
- 1e. Statutory and customary
- 1f. Co-management approaches
- 1g. Land record management for transactability
- 1h. Family and group rights

2. Land use planning

- 2a. Citywide slum upgrading
- 2b. Citywide spatial planning
- 2c. Regional land use planning
- 2d. Land readjustment (slum upgrading and/or post crisis)

3. Land Management, Administration and Information

- 3a. Spatial units
- 3b. Modernising of land agencies budget approach

4 Land law and enforcement

- 4a. Regulatory framework for private sector
- 4b. Legal allocation of the assets of a deceased person (Estates administration, HIV/AIDS areas)
- 4c. Expropriation, eviction and compensation

5. Land Value Capture

- 5a. Land tax for financial and land management

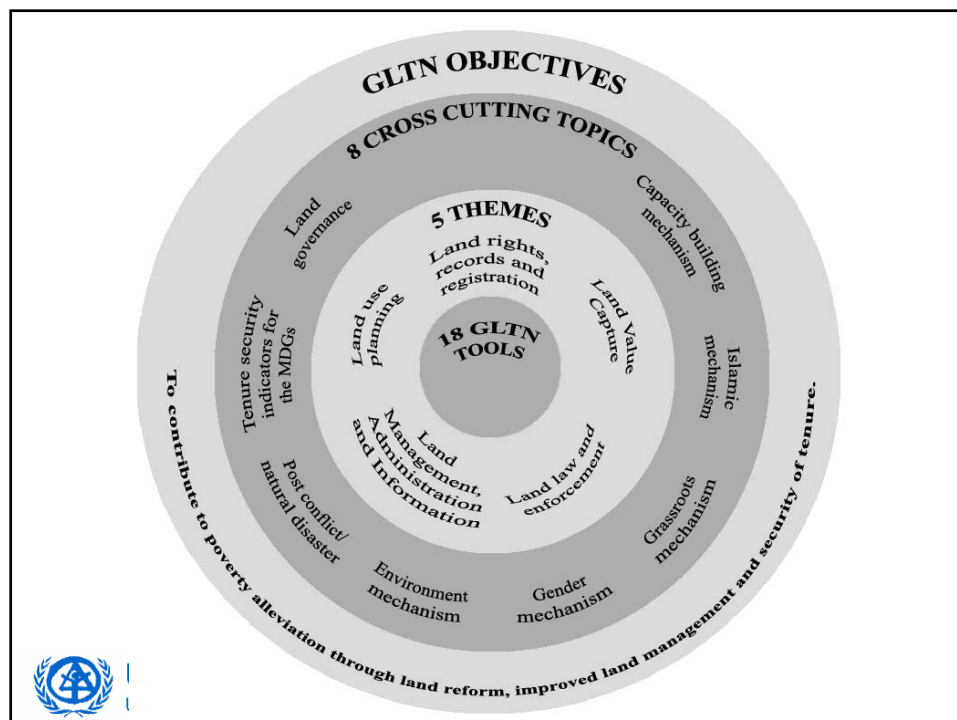


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The Global Land Tool Network identifies eight cross cutting issues on land tool development:

1. Land governance
2. Tenure security indicators for the MDGs
3. Capacity building mechanism
4. Islamic mechanism
5. Post conflict/natural disaster
6. Environment mechanism
7. Gender mechanism
8. Grassroots mechanism



What is a Global Land Tool Network partner?

The Partners of the Global Land Tool Network accept and agree on:

- a) The values of the GLTN
- b) Land tool development at scale/ upscaleable
- c) To lend financial and/ or knowledge input
- d) To represent regional/international institutions, organisations or networks
- e) Non commercial value

The Global Land Tool Network core values:

Pro-poor, Governance, Equity, Subsidiarity, Affordability,
Systematic large scale approach, Gender sensitiveness



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Ongoing initiatives with GLTN key external partners

- | | |
|-----------------------|--|
| 1. CASLE | Land registrars workshop, Africa |
| 2. CLEP | Working group 5, Geoff Payne; S.A. study on titling |
| 3. COHRE | Grassroots mechanism, eviction guidelines, Global |
| 4. FAO | Land governance, pro poor compensation & land acquisition -WB/FIG |
| 5. FIG | STDM, Global, proceedings of E.Europe, statutory & customary |
| 6. Huairou Commission | Gender mechanism, Global, gender workshop |
| 7. IHS | Land administration training, Global |
| 8. IULVT | Land Value Taxation, online training, Global |
| 9. ITC | Transparency in land administration course, Africa |
| 10. Lincoln Institute | Land law and policy training, Global |
| 11. MCC | Indicators for land policy implementation, ?LAC, peer review |
| 12. Norway | Funding, Publication |
| 13. SDI | Enumerations, Global, ISK, Kisumu, Kenya |
| 14. Sida | Funding |
| 15. UNECA | Indicators for land policy implementation, Africa -WB/AU/AFD |
| 16. UEL | Islamic land tools, Age related land tools, Global, EGM, training packages |
| 17. World Bank | Uganda, Tanzania, Ethiopia, India -continuum of land rights, regulatory frameworks, land governance workshop |