Thank you Mr. Chairman,

I have the honor to speak on behalf of the Pacific Small Island Developing States (PSIDS) represented at the United Nations, namely, Fiji, Marshall Islands, Nauru, Palau, Papua New Guinea, Samoa, Solomon Islands, Tonga, Tuvalu, Vanuatu, and my own country, Micronesia. We like to align ourselves with the comments made on behalf of AOSIS.

Mr. Chairman,

We would like to thank you for the summary you have provided which shows the way forward for CSD proper in May. You have highlighted many pertinent points and I would like to point out a few from our perspective. For example, we are encouraged that you reflected the recommendation from the S-G report on increasing financial support and public and private investment from national and international sources for transport systems in developing countries, including in particular for SIDS in paragraph 9(c). We also agree with the need to factor the impacts of climate change into transport infrastructure planning in 13(h), however, finding the necessary resources can be a challenge in SIDS.

Mr. Chairman, in our opinion, the listing of conventions in paragraph 32(e) should also include the Waigani Convention given its importance.

We agree with the need to reduce marine pollution, including plastics in the oceans in 35(c) as an important factor in safeguarding our food sources as well as the world’s coral reefs. We are also encouraged by the call to mobilize financial resources to build waste management infrastructure in 38(a). We have some success stories in the Pacific and hope to make further progress with the help of our development partners.
Mr. Chairman,

We further agree with the urgency of the message in paragraph 60 as well as the important steps you have outlined in 83(a).

Let me now turn to the issues that the PSIDS have previously circulated as an annex to our introductory statement on Monday and we consider them as missing from the document. We consider that the CSD as the body responsible to implementing the Barbados Program of Action and the Mauritius Strategy and we should include a brief section on SIDS dealing with the following items:

- Firstly, the shortcomings in the institutional support for SIDS, as highlighted in the High-level review of the Mauritius Strategy, as well as other constraints to the full and effective implementation of the MSI and BPoA need to be effectively addressed;

- As such the lack of specificity in the BPoA and the MSI are major constraints in assessing their implementation and a more focused and results-oriented approach, with specific benchmarks, goals and targets needs to be implemented to effectively address the unique and particular vulnerabilities of SIDS and the implementation and monitoring of the BPoA and the MSI;

- There is also a need for more technical data and analysis to inform options by which the UN system could more consistently and effectively address the unique and particular vulnerabilities of SIDS and implement the BPoA and the MSI, including consideration of the creation of a formal UN SIDS category;

- Generally, a more formal, holistic coordination mechanism for delivering UN and non-UN support to SIDS is essential to the effective implementation of the BPoA and the MSI;

- Finally, the importance of the conservation and sustainable management of ocean and marine resources, including fish stocks and the protection of coral reefs to the themes of Rio plus 20 needs to be emphasized;

Mr. Chairman,

It is the hope of the PSIDS that the issues I have raised above will make it to the final outcome document of CSD 19.

Thank you.