

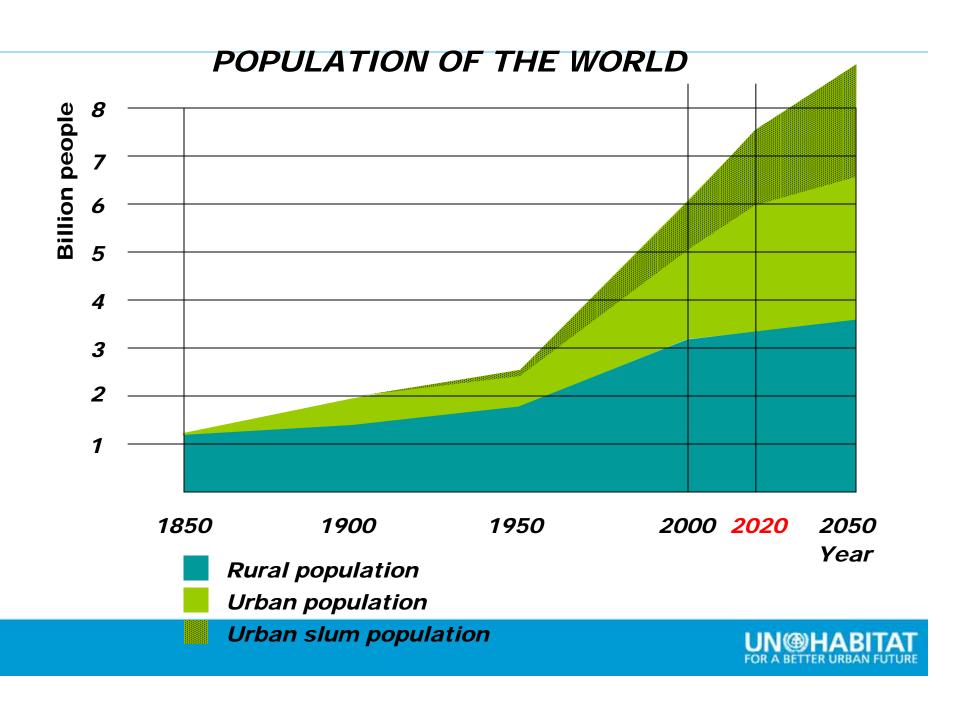
# **Solid Waste Management – Issues & Challenges** in Emerging Towns



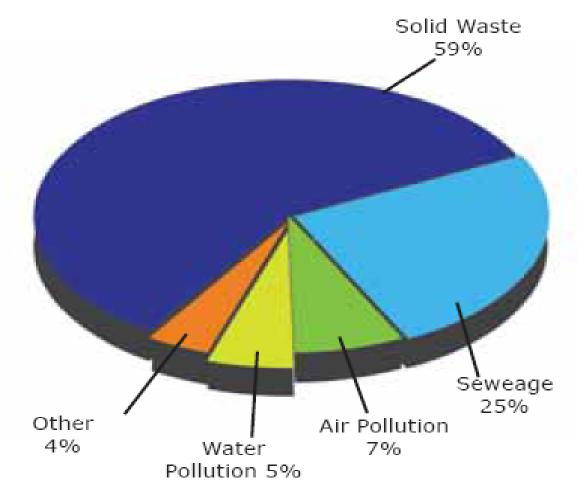


Rajesh Manandhar





# Public opinion on Environment Problem



Source: CBS, 1997



# Present approaches, practices & attitude

- Municipalities "sweep and dump"
- Dump somewhere where people can not see
- Everybody talks about SWM & knows how to manage it but only small amount of waste is being properly managed
- It is other's responsibilitynot mine







## **Definition of Emerging Towns:**

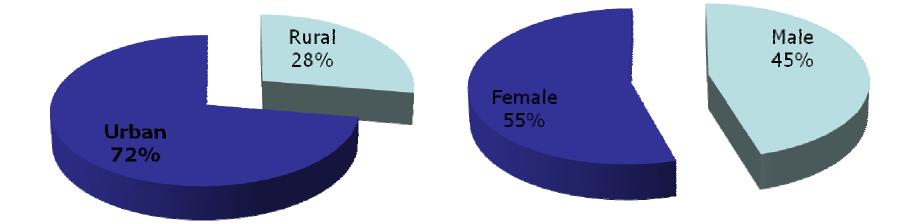
- Population: ≥ 5,000
- Population Density: at least 10 persons per hectare
- Economy: at least 50% of the population (above 10 years of age) relies on nonagriculture economic activities.
- There are more than 200 Emerging Towns
- Average town size 15,000 pop.



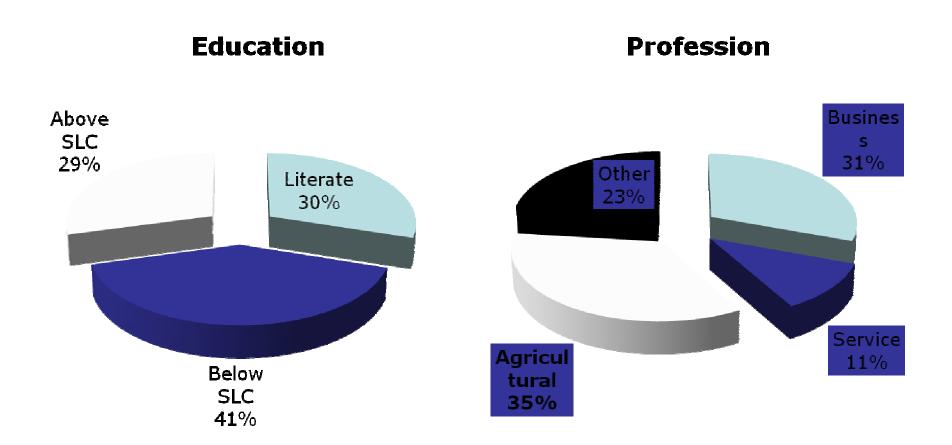


# **KUSHMA (Household Survey)**

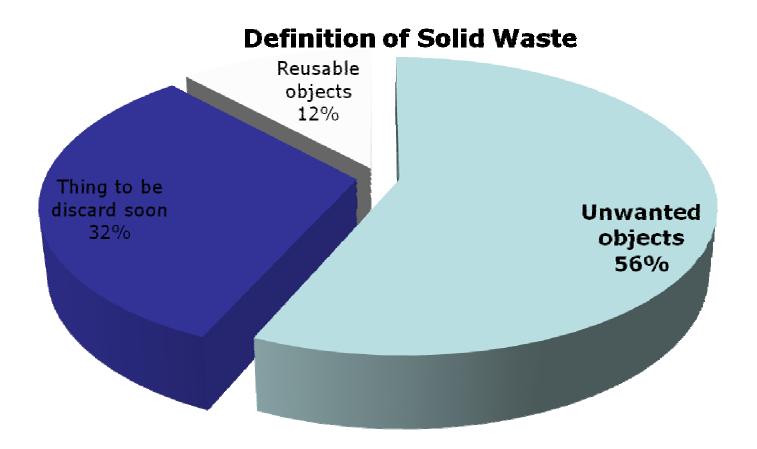
**Categories** Sex





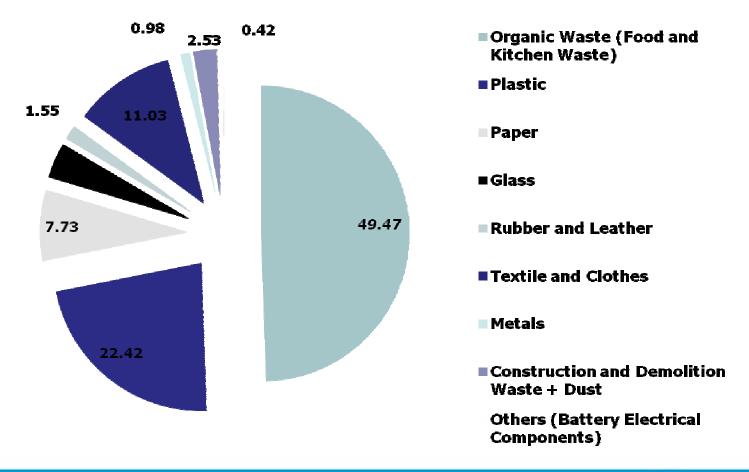






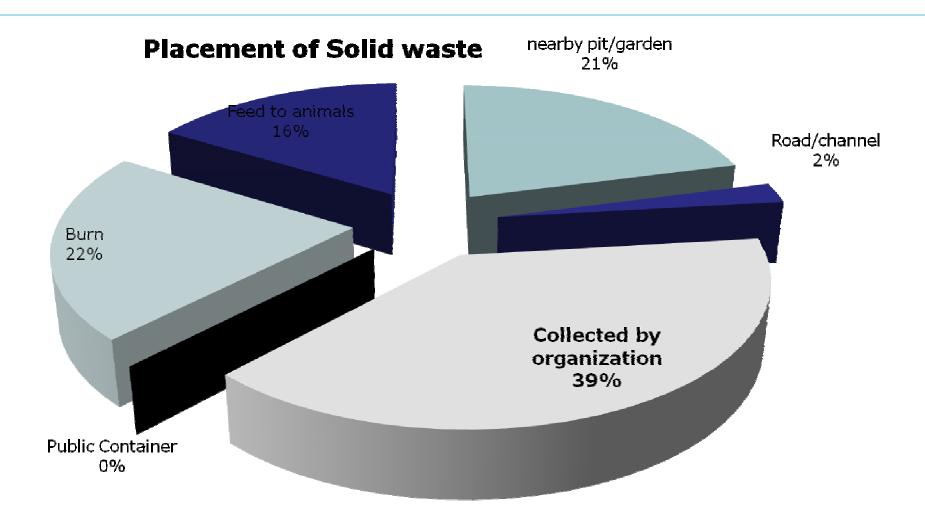


### **HH Waste Composition**

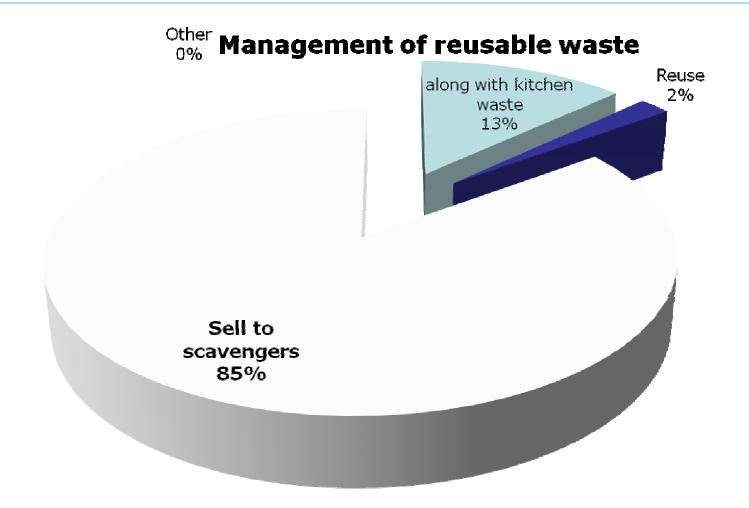


Source: Kusma, 2010





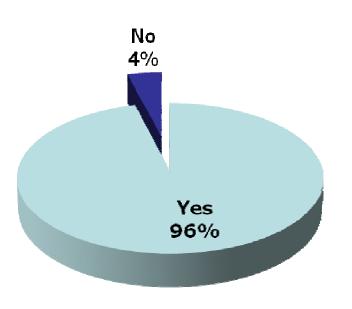


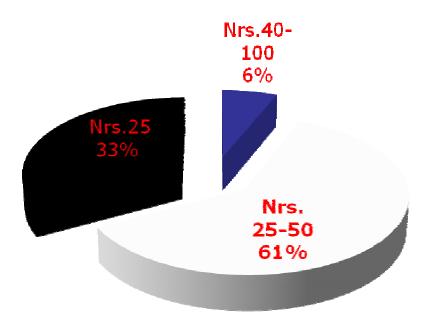




### **Payment Support**

### **Agreed to support**

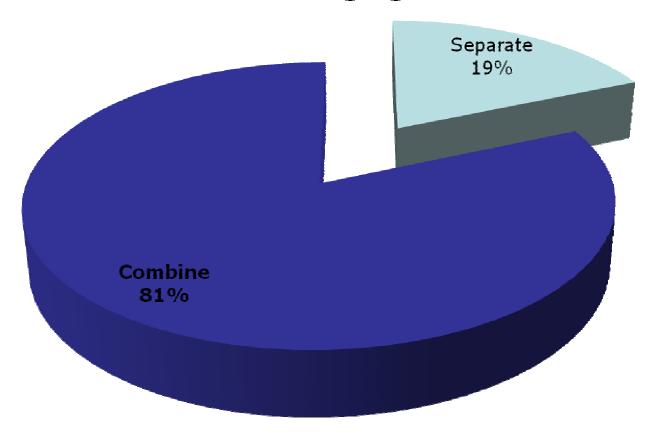






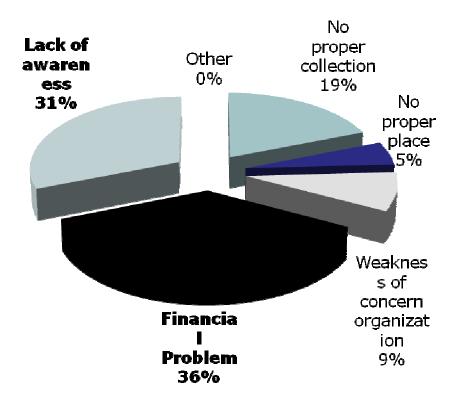
# **KUSHMA (Commercial)**

### **Waste Segregation**

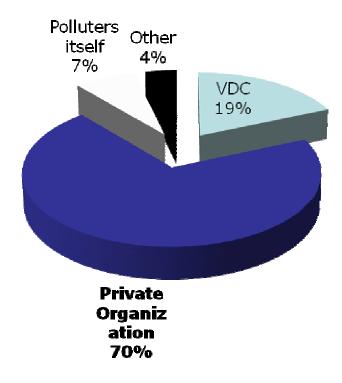




### **Problem in SWM**



# Responsible Organization





# Major Issues and challenges

- It is not clear who is responsible?
- Increase in population increase in waste
- Institutional capacity
- Some focus on water and sanitation but not in SWM
- Lack of understanding on sanitation/waste management as a matter of public health
- Waste management is limited to Sweep, collection & dumping if it is implemented - Rivers, water bodies are polluted.
- Government bodies are least concerned on these matters at local level
- Effective mobilising communities
- Recycling of organic waste is still a challenge



# **Opportunities**

- Focused on Rural and Municipalities only
- Sanitation /SWM could be an entry point
- Majority of urban the population (10 to 15 % of total) will be served
- Varieties of activities and intervention can conducted
- Less per capita investment
- Household /Community based schemes still viable options
- Situation is can be improved with little support no high
- Good infrastructures facilities



